#### A Michigan Energy Code Update

# Lighting and HVAC Provisions of ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2019 & the New Michigan Commercial Energy Code

for AIA Detroit 22 January 2025

Sonya M. Pouncy, Principal Building, Vitals, LLC

## Today's Speaker



Sonya M. Pouncy, CEM, LEED-AP, CMVP

Sonya is a degreed Mechanical Engineer with more than 30 years of experience in the energy management and HVAC equipment industries.

She began her career with Carrier Corporation, for which she initially developed residential furnaces and later sold chillers, air-handlers and other heavy equipment. Since leaving Carrier, Sonya has worked with manufacturer's representatives, utilities and energy/engineering consultants. In 2020, she re-opened her own consultancy, Building Vitals, which helps facility managers identify, understand, and bridge the gap between where their building performance is and where they want it to be.

Sonya is active member of ASHRAE at both the local and national levels. She is a former president of the Detroit Chapter and currently serves as a member of its Government Affairs Committee and Student Activities Committee. Internationally, she is a current member and former Chair of ASHRAE TC 7.3—the Technical Committee on Operations, Maintenance, and Cost Management and the current Communications Coordinator for the society's Government Affairs Committee.

Learning Objectives

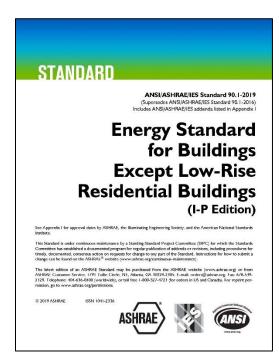
#### To better understand:

- The system design requirements for lighting, lighting control, and the control systems of certain other equipment in ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2019 as applied to the new Michigan Commercial Energy Code
- What new to (potentially) look for when commissioning control systems for lighting and certain other systems
- The system design requirements for the HVAC system, including its controls, in ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2019 as applied to the new Michigan Commercial Energy Code
- What new to (potentially) look for when commissioning HVAC equipment and control systems

## New Michigan Energy Code Effective Date

					API	RIL 2025
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30			







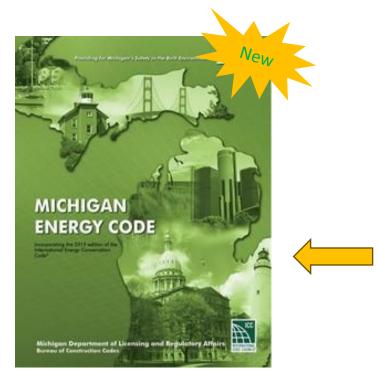


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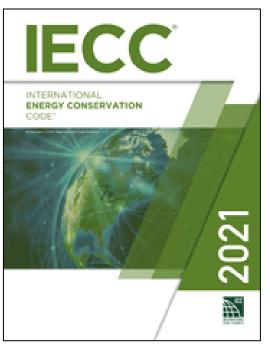
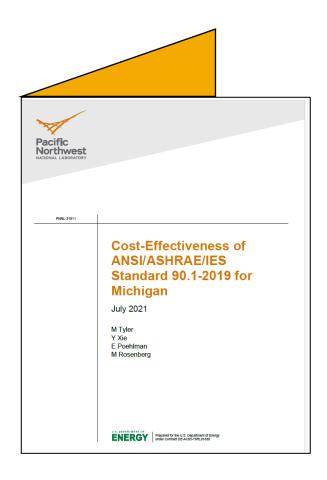


Image Source: ICC

## Energy Cost Savings with ASHRAE 90.1-2019



Standard Edition	Added Construction Cost \$/ft <sup>2</sup>	Annual Energy Savings \$/ft <sup>2</sup>	Net Annualized LCC Savings \$/ft <sup>2</sup>
90.1-2013	Baseline	Baseline	Baseline
90.1-2016	\$0.248	\$0.123	\$7.09
90.1-2019	(\$1.198)	\$0.063	\$3.70

Data Nontraceable Source: U.S. DOE Determinations for ASHRAE 90.1-201 6 and 90.1-2019.

#### **STANDARD**

#### ANSI/ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1-2019

(Supersedes ANSI/ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1-2016) Includes ANSI/ASHRAE/IES addenda listed in Appendix I

## for Buildings Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings (I-P Edition)

See Appendix I for approval dates by ASHRAE, the Illuminating Engineering Society, and the American National Standards

This Standard is under continuous maintenance by a Standing Standard Project Committee (SSPC) for which the Standards Committee has established a documented program for regular publication of addenda or revisions, including procedures for timely, documented, consensus action on requests for change to any part of the Standard. Instructions for how to submit a change can be found on the ASHRAE® website (www.ashrae.org/continuous-maintenance).

The latest edition of an ASHRAE Standard may be purchased from the ASHRAE website (www.ashrae.org) or from ASHRAE Customer Service, 1791 Tullie Circle, NE, Atlanta, GA 30329-2305. E-mail: orders@ashrae.org, Fax: 678-539-2129. Telephone: 404-636-8400 (worldwide), or toll free I-800-527-4723 (for orders in US and Canada). For reprint permission, go to www.ashrae.org/permissions.

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- Section 1- Purpose
- Section 2- Scope
- Section 3- Definitions
- Section 4- Administration and Enforcement
- Section 5- Building Envelope
- Section 6- Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning
- Section 7- Service Water Heating
- Section 8- Power
- Section 9- Lighting
- Section 10- Other Equipment
- Section 11- Energy Cost Budget Method
- Section 12- Normative References

Image Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019

### Disclaimers

- This presentation is an educational tool and is intended to provide an overview of the requirements for Lighting and Lighting Control Systems complying with the new Michigan Energy Code (MEC) for Commercial Buildings based on ASHRAE 90.1-2019.
- This overview is NOT exhaustive.
- To enhance understanding, material in this presentation is NOT written in code language.
- Exceptions apply to many provisions. Code users are encouraged to consult the current Michigan Energy Code (ASHRAE 90.1-2013), ASHRAE 90.1-2019 and IECC 2021 for complete details, criteria, requirements and exceptions.

## The Michigan Energy Code

Intent is to ...

"regulate the design and construction of buildings for the **effective** use and conservation of energy over the useful life of each building."

#### **Purpose**

To establish the **minimum** energy efficiency requirements of buildings, other than low-rise residential buildings, for:

- Design
- Construction
- Operation and Maintenance Planning
- Utilization of on-site renewables

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. See Standard for full details.

Section 1.1 Building Vitals, LLC

## Section 8 - POWER

Michigan Energy Code Update: ASHRAE 90.1-2019

			COMPLIANCE PATHS fo	r POWER DISTRIBUT	ION SYSTEMS		
				Path Op	New		
	Section		Mandatory Provisions	Energy Cost Budget Method	Performance Rating Method	Alternate Compliance Path	
	1	General	•	•	•	•	
	4	Mandatory	•	•	•		
	7	Submittals	•	•	•	•	
	9	Verification, Testing, and Commissioning	•	•	•	•	New Section
	Data Sou	rce: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions ma	y apply. See Standard for full details.		New Paths		

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#### **Power System Mandatory Provisions Apply to:**

#### **New Construction**



**Additions** 



**Alterations** 



Added Equipment

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

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#### **Mandatory Provisions for Power Distribution Equipment**

<b>Maximum Sizing Voltage Drop</b>						
	ASHRAE 90.1-2013	ASHRAE 90.1-2019				
Feeder Conductors	2%	5%				
Branch Circuits	3%	3%				

Minimum efficie	ency Levels for 3-Ph	ase Low Voltage
Dry Type	Distribution Trans	sformers
	ACUBAE	ACUDAE

kVA	ASHRAE 90.1-2013	ASHRAE 90.1-2019
15	97.0%	97.89%
30	97.5%	98.23%
π	07 7%	98.40%
500	98.7%	0/
750	98.8%	99.23%
1000	98.9%	99.28%

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Sections 8.4.1 and 8.4.4 Building Vitals, LLC 14

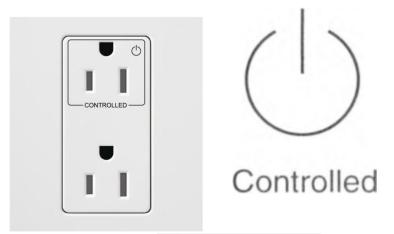


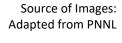
- Control ≥ 50% of all 125V, 15A and 20A receptacles in:
  - Private Offices
  - Conference Rooms
  - Print/copy Rooms

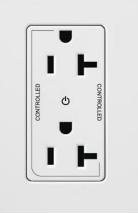
- Breakrooms
- Classrooms
- Individual Workstations
- Control ≥ 25% of all branch feeders for modular furniture not shown on construction drawings

#### **Exceptions**

 Receptacles designated for 24/7 use or where automatic control would present a safety or security risk







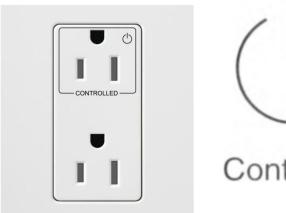
Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 8.4.2 Building Vitals, LLC 15

#### **Criteria for Automatic Receptacle Control**

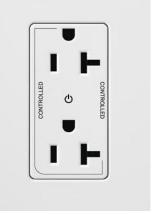
#### Allowable control methods are:

- Time-of-day Schedule with
  - Programs for  $\leq 5,000 \text{ ft}^2$
  - Not more that one (1) floor
  - Manual override for ≤ 2 hours
- Occupancy Sensor programmed to turn receptacles
   OFF within 20 minutes of vacancy
- Automated Signal programmed to turn receptacles
   OFF within 20 minutes of vacancy



Controlled

Source of Images: Adapted from PNNL



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 8.4.2 Building Vitals, LLC 16

Criteria for Electrical Energy Monitoring, Recording and Reporting

 Measure and record independent energy use for



- Maintain records for at least 3 years
- Sample Rate of at least 15 minutes
- Reported at hourly, daily, monthly and annually

**Exceptions:** 

- Buildings < 25,000 ft<sup>2</sup>
- Tenant spaces < 10,000 ft<sup>2</sup>
- Dwelling units
- Residential buildings with common areas < 10,000 ft<sup>2</sup>
- Receptacles in patient care areas
- Receptacles for IG equipment

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 8.4.3 Building Vitals, LLC 17

New Criteria for Whole Building Energy Monitoring

(from Section 10. Included here for continuity of subject)

Nat. Gas

**Fuel Oil** 

Propane

Steam

Chilled Water

Hot Water

- Supplied by a utility, energy provider or plant not within the building
- Energy use sampling rate ≤ 60 minutes
- Hourly, Daily, Monthly, and Annual Reporting of consumption and demand
- Data maintained for >36 months
- Exceptions:
  - Buildings or Additions 25,000 ft<sup>2</sup>
  - Individual tenant spaces 10,000 ft<sup>2</sup>
  - Fuel used for onsite emergency equipment
  - Dwelling units
  - Residential buildings with 10,000 ft<sup>2</sup> common area

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 10.4.6 Building Vitals, LLC

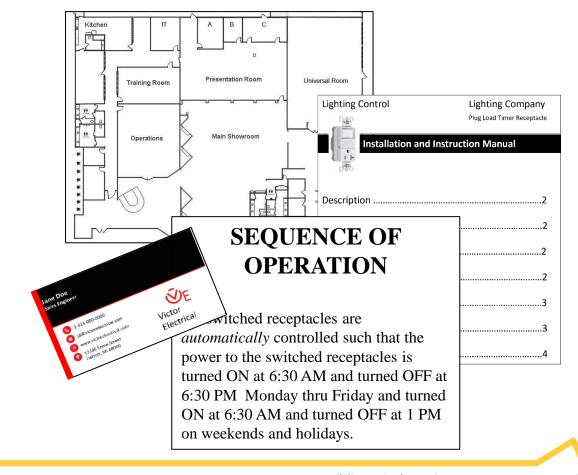
#### **Documentation Requirements for Power Distribution Systems**

#### **Record Drawings**

- Single line diagram
- Floor plans

#### **Operation and Maintenance Manuals**

- Submittal data
- Operating instructions
- Routine maintenance required
- Name & address of qualified service agency
- Narrative of intended system operation



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 8.7.3 Building Vitals, LLC 19

#### Performance Verification of Power Distribution Systems

#### **Verification & Testing**

- Automatic Receptacles
- Energy Monitoring

#### Commissioning

 Power system energy performance



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

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## Section 9 - LIGHTING

Michigan Energy Code Update: ASHRAE 90.1-2019

#### **Road Map to Compliance**

**Step1:** Determine if the project needs to comply

**Step 2:** Determine the interior lighting power allowance

**Step 3:** Determine the exterior lighting power allowance

**Step 4:** Determine the installed interior lighting power

**Step 5:** Determine the installed exterior lighting power

**Step 6:** Confirm that the installed lighting power is  $\leq$  the allowable lighting power

Step 7: Meet all mandatory provisions including those for lighting controls and exit signs

**Step 8:** Perform functional testing of lighting controls

**Step 9:** Submit all required documentation



			COMPLIANCE PAT	HS for LIGHTIN		NTROLS				
		Section	Building Space Energy Area by Space Cost Budget Method Method Method			Building Space Energy Space Cost Building		Performance Rating Method	Simplified Building Method	
	1	General	•	•	•	•	•			
	4	Mandatory	•	•	•	•				
N	7	Submittals	•	•	•	•	•			
	9	Verification, Testing, and Commissioning	•	•	•	•	•	Nev Sectio		
	Data So	urce: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions ma	ay apply. See Standard for full det	tails.		New	Paths			

Section 9.2 Building Vitals, LLC 23

#### **Lighting and Lighting Control Provisions Apply to:**

#### **New Construction**



- Interior Spaces
- Exterior Features
- Exterior Grounds

#### **Additions**



New Equipment

Michigan Amendment

#### **Alterations**



- Control Upgrades
- Luminaire Upgrades that impact 50% or more of the connected load, including:
  - Replacements
  - Removals
  - Additions

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 9.1 Building Vitals, LLC 24

## **UL LED Lighting Upgrade Types**

A

LED Tubes with Internal Driver

Integrated driver works with existing fluorescent ballasts.

Maintenance

New Controls **NOT Required** 

B

Double-Ended Bypass LED Tube

Wired to the main voltage supplied to the existing linear fluorescent fixture.

**Alteration** 

New Shut OFF Controls **Required** 

LED Tube with Remote Driver

Remote driver connected to low voltage sockets of the existing linear fluorescent fixture.

**Alteration** 

New Shut OFF Controls **Required** 

#### **Lighting and Lighting Control Provisions Apply to:**

#### **New Construction**



#### **Additions**



#### **Alterations**



#### **Exceptions to applicability for New Construction and Additions:**

- Emergency Lighting
- Dwelling Unit Lighting > Dwelling units have been removed from these exceptions
- Health & Life Safety Lighting
- Lighting power by gas or other fuel sources
- The smaller powered of two or more co-located lighting systems designed to not work simultaneously

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

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**Criteria for Dwelling Units** 

At least 75% of permanently installed luminaires must have either:

- Lamps with an efficacy of 55 lm/W; or
- Total luminaire efficacy of 45 lm/W

#### **Exceptions:**

- Lighting controlled with dimmers
- Lighting with 9.4.1.1.h compliant automatic full OFF controls
- Hotel & motel guest rooms



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards for full details.

Section 9.4.3 Building Vitals, LLC 27

## Exceptions to Prescriptive Requirements for Interior Lighting Power Limitations ASHRAE 90.1-2013

- Display and accent lighting in museums, galleries & monuments
- Exit signs
- Lighting integral to instrumentation
- Lighting for use during medical procedures
- Lighting integral to refrigerator and freezer cases
- Lighting integral to food warming/prep equipment
- Lighting for life support of non-human life forms
- Lighting in display windows
- Lighting inside registered historic landmarks

- Lighting integral to advertising or directional signage
- Lighting for sale or education
- Theater lighting
- Television broadcast lighting
- Casino gaming lighting
- Furniture-mounted task lighting
- Dressing room mirrors
- Pulpit and choir loft accent lighting
- Parking garage transition lighting

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

**Exceptions to Interior Lighting Power and Minimum Control Strategies**ASHRAE 90.1-2019

ltem	Application	Controlled Separately and in Addition to General Lighting	Required Controls
1	Lighting integral to medical equipment or instrumentation & installed by manufacturer	Yes	None
2	Lighting for use during medical procedures	Yes	Local control (9.4.1.1.a)
3	Lighting for life support of non-human life forms	Yes	Local control (9.4.1.1.a)
	Lighting inside registered historic landmarks	No	Local control (9.4.1.1.a) and either Auto Full OFF ((9.4.1.1.h) or Scheduled ShutOFF (9.4.1.1.i)
17	Furniture-mounted task lighting	162	
18	Lighting for parking garage transition zones measuring ≤ 50 ft wide and ≤ 66 ft depth into garage	Yes	Scheduled ShutOFF and Garage Daylight Transition Zone control (9.4.1.2.a and 9.4.1.2.c)

Data Source: Excerpted from ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Table 9.2.3.1 Building Vitals, LLC 29

#### **Building Area Method Criteria for Interior Lighting Power Densities**

Determine interior lighting power allowance by:

- 1. Determine appropriate building area type(s) from Table 9.5.1
- 2. Determine gross lighted floor area
- 3. Multiply floor area by the LPD Tabulated in Table 9.5.1
- 4. Sum the LPDs for all building areas

NOTE: Some tradeoffs are allowed

SAMPLE BUILDING AREA METHOD LIGHTING POWER DENSITIES						
Building Area	90.1-2013 LPD, W/ft²	90.1-2019 LPD, W/ft²				
Automotive	0.80	0.75				
Convention Center	1.01	0.64				
Dining: Family	0.95	0.71				
Fire Station	0.67	0.56				
Parking Garage	0.21	0.18				
Police	0.87	0.66				
School	0.87	0.72				

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

#### **Space-by-Space Method Criteria for Interior Lighting Power Densities**

Determine interior lighting power allowance for spaces with partitions ≥ 80% of the ceiling height by:

- 1. Determine appropriate space type(s) from Table 9.6.1
  - Subdivide multipurpose spaces to either 20% of original space or 1,000 ft<sup>2</sup>
- 2. Determine space floor area defined by centerline of interior walls, diving lines and exterior walls
- 3. Multiply floor area by the LPD Tabulated in Table 9.6.1
- 4. Sum the LPDs for all space areas

NOTE: Some trade-offs are allowed

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards for full details.

Section 9.6.1 Building Vitals, LLC 33

#### **Space-by-Space Method Criteria for Interior Lighting Power Densities**

Table 9.6.1 Lighting Power Density Allowances Using the Space-by-Space Method and Minimum Control Requirements Using Either Method

			Section 9.4.1. (1) All REQs (2) At least of	nctions below s For each <i>spa</i> s shall be imple one ADD1 (whe one ADD2 (whe	<i>ce</i> type: mented. n present) sh	all be impleme	nted.	descriptions four	nd in the refere	nced paragraph	s within	
			Local Control (See Section [a])	Restricted to Manual ON (See Section [b])	Restricted to Partial Automatic ON (See Section [c])	Bilevel Lighting Control (See Section [d])	Automatic Daylight Responsive Controls for Sidelighting (See Section [e] <sup>6</sup> )	Automatic Daylight Responsive Controls for Toplighting (See Section	Automatic Partial OFF (See Section [g] [Full Off complies])	Automatic Full OFF (See Section [h])	Scheduled Shutoff (See Section	
Common Space Types <sup>1</sup>		LPD Allowances, W/ft <sup>2</sup>	RCR Threshold	a	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i
Atrium												
<20 ft in height		0.39	NA	REQ	ADD1	ADD1		REQ	REQ		ADD2	ADD2
≥20 ft and ≤40 ft in height		0.48	NA	REQ	ADD1	ADD1	REQ	REQ	REQ		ADD2	ADD2
>40 ft in height		0.60	11	REQ	ADD1	ADD1	REQ	REQ	REQ		ADD2	ADD2
Audience Seating Area												
Auditorium		0.61	6	REQ	ADD1	ADD1	REQ	REQ	REQ		ADD2	ADD2
Gymnasium		0.23	6	REQ	ADD1	ADD1	REQ	REQ	REQ		ADD2	ADD2
Motion picture theater		0.27	4	REQ	ADD1	ADD1	REQ	REQ	REQ		ADD2	ADD2
Penitentiary		0.67	4	REQ	ADD1	ADD1		REQ	REQ		ADD2	ADD2
Performing arts theater		1.16	8	REQ	ADD1	ADD1	REQ	REQ	REQ		ADD2	ADD2
Religious facility		0.72	4	REQ	ADD1	ADD1	REQ	REQ	REQ		ADD2	ADD2
Sports arena		0.33	4	REQ	ADD1	ADD1		REQ	REQ		ADD2	ADD2
All other audience seating areas		0.23	4	REQ	ADD1	ADD1		REQ	REQ		ADD2	ADD2

Image Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019 as quoted in U.S. DOE Building Energy Code Program, PNNL-SA-153216, "ANSI/ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1-2019: Power and Lighting."

Table 9.6.1 Building Vitals, LLC 32

## Space-by-Space Method Criteria for Interior Lighting Power Densities

SAMPLE SPACE-BY-SPACE AREA METHOD LIGHTING POWER DENSITIES						
Space Area	90.1-2013 LPD, W/ft <sup>2</sup>	90.1-2019 LPD, W/ft <sup>2</sup>				
Atrium, Height < 20 ft	0.03 x Height	0.39				
Atrium, 20 ft ≤ Height < 40 ft	0.03 x Height	0.48				
Atrium, Height > 40 ft	0.40 + 0.02 x Height	0.60				
Storage Room, < 50 ft <sup>2</sup>	1.24	0.51				
Storage Room, ≥ 50 ft <sup>2</sup>	0.63	0.38				

IECC 2021 LPD, W/ft <sup>2</sup>
0.48
0.60
0.38

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019 and IECC 2021. Exceptions may apply. See Standards for full details.

#### **Example**

#### Find:

Allowable lighting power for the 12 qty screening rooms in a movie theater, if each screening room is 1,000 ft<sup>2</sup>

 $LPD = 0.27 W/ft^2$ 

Allowable lighting power

 $= 0.27 \text{ W/ft}^2 \times 1,000 \text{ ft}^2 \times 12 \text{ qty}$ 

= 3,240 W

Table 9.6.1 Lighting Power Density Allowances Using the Space-by-Space Method and Minimum

	_				
Table 9	.6.1:		Section 9.4.1. (1) All REQs (2) At least of	nctions below s For each <i>spa</i> s shall be imple one ADD1 (whe one ADD2 (whe	ce ty mer en pi en pi
Informative Note: This table is divided into two sections; this first section covers space types that can be commonly found in multiple building types. The second part of this table covers space types that are typically found in a single building type.			Local Control (See Section [a])	Restricted to Manual ON (See Section [b])	to AL Of Se
Common Space Types <sup>1</sup>	LPD Allowances, W/ft <sup>2</sup>	RCR Threshold	a	b	C
Atrium					
<20 ft in height	0.39	NA	REQ	ADD1	A
≥20 ft and ≤40 ft in height	0.48	NA	REQ	ADD1	A
>40 ft in height	0.60	11	REQ	ADD1	A
Audience Seating Area					
Auditorium	0.61	6	REQ	ADD1	A
Gymnasium	0.23	6	REQ	ADD1	Α
Motion picture theater	0.27	4	REQ	ADD1	Α
Penitentiary	0.67	4	REQ	ADD1	A
Performing arts theater	1.16	8	REC		
Religious facility	0.72	4			
Sports arena	0.33				
thor audience seating areas	0.00				

Image Source: Excerpted from ASHRAE 90.1-2019 as quoted in U.S. DOE Building Energy Code Program, PNNL-SA-153216, "ANSI/ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1-2019: Power and Lighting."

Space-by-Space Additional Interior Lighting Power Allowance for Aesthetics

For spaces in which lighting is specified for decoration, or highlighting exhibitions, etc. and has a LPD of:

90.1-2013	90.1-2019
LPD, W/ft <sup>2</sup>	LPD, W/ft²
1.0	0.75

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards for full details.



Section 9.6.2 Building Vitals, LLC 35

Space-by-Space Additional Interior Lighting Power Allowance for Merchandise



	ADDITIONAL POWER ALLOWANCE MULTIPLIERS					
Retail Area	Floor Area Used For	90.1-2013 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	90.1-2019 W/ft <sup>2</sup>			
1	All products not listed below	0.6	0.45			
2	Vehicles, sporting goods, small electronics	0.6	0.45			
3	Furniture, clothing, cosmetics, art	1.4	1.05			
4	Jewelry, crystal, china	2.5	1.88			

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards for full details.

#### Additional Power Allowance

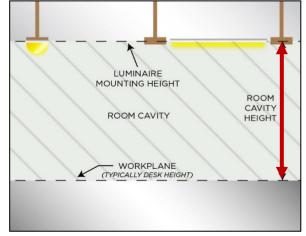
=  $1000W + (Area_{RA1} \times M_{RA1}) + (Area_{RA2} \times M_{RA2}) + (Area_{RA3} \times M_{RA3}) + (Area_{RA4} \times M_{RA4})$ 

Section 9.6.2 Building Vitals, LLC 36

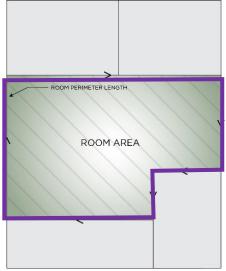
#### **Space-by-Space Additional Interior Lighting Power for Atypical Geometries**

- For spaces with room cavity ratios in excess of those listed in Table 9.6.1,
- Additional Power Allowance = Base LPD x 0.2
- Room Cavity Ratio =

2.5 x Room Cavity Height x Room Perimeter
Room Floor Area

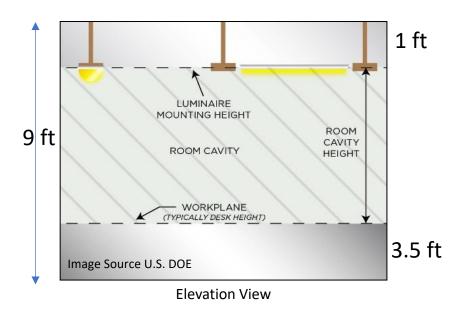


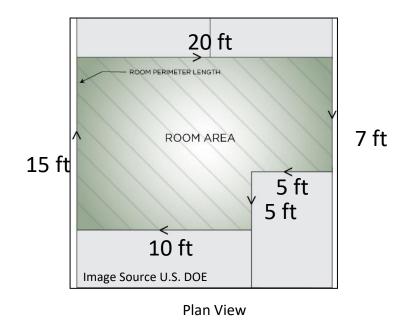
Source of Images: Adapted from U.S. DOE



Section 9.6.4 Building Vitals, LLC 37

#### **Example**





#### Find:

Is there an additional power allowance for this Conference Room?

- 1. Area of Conference Room B is =  $(20 \times 15) (5 \times 5) = 275 \text{ ft}^2$
- 2. Perimeter of Conference Room B = 20 + 7 + 5 + 5 + 10 + 15 = 62 ft
- 3. Room Cavity Height = 9 3.5 1 = 4.5 ft
- 4. Room Cavity Ratio =  $2.5 \times 4.5 \times 62 \div 275 = 2.54$

#### Example, continued

5. Compare Room RCR to tabulated threshold value

Space Type	<b>ASHRAE 90.1</b> -	ASHRAE 9	90.1-2019	
	LDP Allowance	RCR Threshold	LDP Allowance	RCR Threshold
Banking Area	1.01	6	0.61	6
Conference Room	1.23	6	0.97	6
Copy Room	0.72	6	0.31	6

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards and or current MI Energy Code for complete details.

Conference Room RCR = 2.54 < Threshold RCR, so there is **NO** additional allowance in this case.

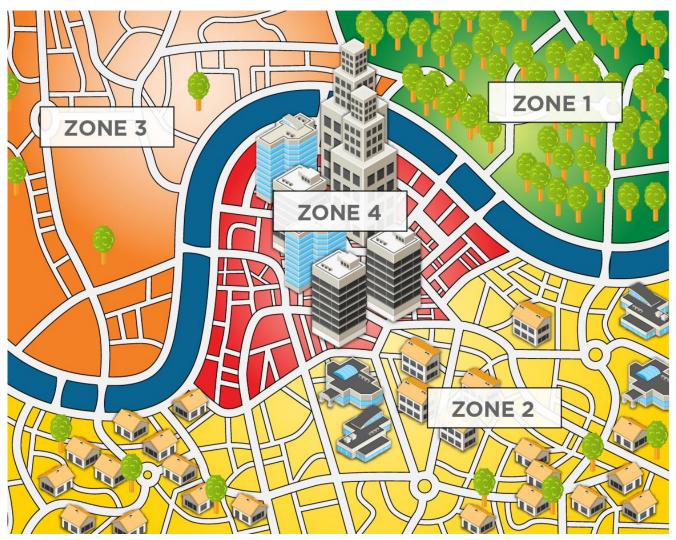
### **Space-by-Space Room Cavity Ratio Thresholds**

Space Type	<b>ASHRAE 90.1-2013</b>		<b>ASHRAE 90.1-2019</b>		
	LDP Allowance	RCR Threshold	LDP Allowance	RCR Threshold	
Atrium, Height < 20 ft	0.03 x Height	NA	0.39	NA	
Atrium, 20 ft ≤ Height < 40 ft	0.03 x Height	NA	0.48	NA	
Atrium, Height > 40 ft	0.40 + 0.02 x Height	NA	0.60	11	
Conference Room	1.23	6	0.97	6	
Low Bay Manufacturing	1.19	4	0.86	3	
High Bay Manufacturing	1.23	4	1.24	6	
Extra High Bay Manufacturing	1.05	4	1.42	8	
Storage Room, < 50 ft <sup>2</sup>	1.24	6	0.51	9	
Storage Room, ≥ 50 ft <sup>2</sup>	0.63	6	0.38	6	

Data Source: Excerpted from ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards and or current MI Energy Code for complete details.

Table 9.6.1 Building Vitals, LLC 40

Exterior Lighting Power Criteria





#### **ZONE 1**

Developed areas of parks, forest, and rural areas.



#### **ZONE 2**

Residential and mixed use, neighborhood business, light industrial with limited night use.



#### ZONE 3

All other



#### ZONE 4

High activity commercial in major metro as designated by AHJ.

In 2010, Zone O was introduced to represent undeveloped areas within national parks, forest land, and rural areas as defined by AHJ.

Image Source U.S. DOE

#### **Tradeable Surfaces**

**Tradable:** allowed wattage may be traded among these applications:

- Uncovered Parking
- Building Grounds
- Entrances, Exits & Loading Docks
- Sales Canopies
- Outdoor Sales Areas

#### **Non-Tradeable Surfaces**

Non-Tradable: allowed wattage cannot be traded between these surfaces or with other exterior lighting applications:

- Building Facades
- ATMs
- Entrances at Guarded Facilities
- Loading areas for law enforcement & emergency service vehicles
- Drive through windows
- Parking near 24-hour retails entrances
- Locations approved by AHJ

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Table 9.4.2.2 Building Vitals, LLC 42

Updated

#### Lighting Power Allowances for Building Exterior Areas

Area	Zone 0 Undeveloped Forest/Park	Zone 1 Developed Forest/Park	Zone 2 Residential & Mixed use	Zone 3 All Other	Zone 4 High Activity Downtown	
Base Site Allowance	0 W	<del>500 W</del> <b>350 W</b>	600 W 400 W	750 W 500 W	1300 W 900 W	
	Tradeable Surfaces					
Uncovered Parking & Drives	0 W	0.04 W/ft <sup>2</sup> 0.03 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.06 W/ft <sup>2</sup> 0.04 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.10 W/ft <sup>2</sup> 0.06 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.13 W/ft <sup>2</sup> 0.08 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	
Walkways < 10 ft wide	0 W	0.7 W/ft <sup>2</sup> 0.5 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.7 W/ft <sup>2</sup> 0.5 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.8 W/ft <sup>2</sup> 0.6 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	1.0 W/ft <sup>2</sup> 0.7 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	
Walkways ≥ 10 ft wide & Plazas	0 W	0.14 W/ft <sup>2</sup> 0.1 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.14 W/ft <sup>2</sup> 0.1 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	10 ft/ft <sup>2</sup> 0.11 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.20 W/ft <sup>2</sup> 0.14 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	

Data Source: from ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards and for complete details.

Table 9.4.2.2 Building Vitals, LLC 43

Updated

#### **Lighting Power Allowances for Building Exterior Areas**

Area	Zone 0 Undeveloped Forest/Park	Zone 1 Developed Forest/Park	Zone 2 Residential & Mixed use	Zone 3 All Other	Zone 4 High Activity Downtown
Base Site	0 W	<del>500 W</del>	600 W	<del>750 W</del>	<del>1300 W</del>
Allowance		<b>350 W</b>	400 W	<b>500 W</b>	<b>900 W</b>

		Non-Tradea	ble Surfaces		
Facades	0 W	0 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.10 W/ft <sup>2</sup> or 2.5 W/ft	0.15 W/ft <sup>2</sup> or 3.75 W/ft	0.20 W/ft <sup>2</sup> or 5.0 W/ft
ATM & Night Depositories	0 W	4	<del>270 W, 1<sup>st</sup> ATM + 9</del> 135 W, 1 <sup>st</sup> ATM + 4	,	
Not listed, not comparable	0 W	65% of interior LPD allowance	65% of interior LPD allowance	80% of interior LPD allowance	100% of interior LPD allowance

Data Source: from ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards for complete details.

Table 9.4.2.2 Building Vitals, LLC

#### Lighting EXEMPT from exterior building lighting power allowance limits:

#### **Exceptions:**

- When independent of non-exempt lighting and equipped with §9.4.1.4 compliant controls, lighting that is/for:
  - Integral to signage
  - Athletic fields
  - Industrial purposes
  - Theme/amusement parks
  - Highlighting public monuments
  - Water features

#### **Exceptions:**

- When controlled separately, lighting used for:
  - Signaling, way-finding and markers
  - Integral to equipment
  - Theatrical purposes
  - Temporary purposes
  - Hazardous locations
  - Swimming pools
  - Searchlights

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 9.4.2 Building Vitals, LLC 45

#### **Question**

A building in exterior Lighting Zone 4 has a 40,000 ft<sup>2</sup> lighted surface parking lot and one 45,000 ft<sup>2</sup> lighted façade. The installed parking lot lighting power is 4500 W and the installed façade lighting power is 8,500 W.

#### Is the project in compliance?

#### **Answer**

Base allowance	= 900 W
base anowanice	300 VV

Uncovered Parking Allowance =  $0.08 \text{ W/ft}^2 \times 40,000 \text{ ft}^2 = 3,200 \text{ W}$ 

Façade Allowance =  $0.2 \text{ W/ft}^2 \times 45,000 \text{ ft}^2 = 9,000 \text{ W}$ 

Total Allowance = = 13,100 W

Installed power = 4500 W + 8,500 W = 13,000 W

Installed power is less than power allowance, so YES, the project is in compliance.

#### Simplified Building Approach to Lighting









**Building Exteriors** 

- New Construction & Tenant Improvements with floor area of ≤ 25,000 ft<sup>2</sup>
- Eligible building type comprises
   ≥ 80% of interior space
- Prescriptive
  - Interior LPA
  - Exterior LPA
  - Controls

#### Exception

• Lighting ≤ 0.02 W/ft<sup>2</sup>

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 9.3 Building Vitals, LLC 47

#### Simplified Building Approach to Lighting





School





**Building Exteriors** 

## Required Lighting Power Reductions for Existing Building Alterations

Existing Lighting Technology	Minimum Power Reduction
T12	35%
T8 or T5	20%
HID	45%
Incandescent	75%

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 9.3 Building Vitals, LLC 48

Simplified Building Approaches to Lighting: Office Buildings

SPACE	LPA W/ft²	CONTROL REQUIREMENTS (in addition to those required for all spaces except stairwells, corridors, and parking garages)
All spaces except stairwells corridors & parking garages	0.70	<ul> <li>Auto OFF when unoccupied or scheduled to be unoccupied</li> <li>Manual Control allowing lighting power reduction to ≥ 50% and Full OFF</li> </ul>
Offices ≤250 ft <sup>2</sup> and meeting, class, storage, & break rooms	0.70	Manual ON occupant sensors
Office areas > 250 ft <sup>2</sup> and restrooms	0.70	Occupant sensors
Stairwells and corridors in building & parking garage	0.70	<ul> <li>Auto OFF when building unoccupied or scheduled to be unoccupied</li> <li>Occ. sensors reduce power ≥ 50% when no activity detected for ≤ 20 mins</li> </ul>
Parking garages	0.13	<ul> <li>Auto OFF during non-operating hours</li> <li>Occ. sensors reduce power ≥ 50% when no activity detected for ≤ 20 mins</li> </ul>

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Table 9.3.1-1 Building Vitals, LLC 4

#### **Comparison of Lighting Approaches for 250 ft<sup>2</sup> Private Office**

#### **Simplified Building**

- LPD allowance is 0.70 W/ft<sup>2</sup>
- Required control method is
  - Manual ON occupancy sensor

#### **Space-by-Space**

- LPD allowance is 0.74 W/ft<sup>2</sup>
- Required control methods are:
  - Local control
  - Bi-level Control
  - Automatic Daylighting Control
  - Automatic Full OFF
  - Either Manual ON or Partial Automatic ON

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Simplified Building Approaches to Lighting: Retail Buildings

SPACE	LPA W/ft²	CONTROL REQUIREMENTS (in addition to those required for all spaces except stairwells, corridors, and parking garages)
Spaces other than garages, stairwells, corridors	1.0	<ul> <li>Auto OFF when unoccupied or scheduled to be unoccupied</li> <li>Manual Control allowing lighting power reduction to ≥ 50% and Full OFF</li> </ul>
Sales Area	1.0	<ul> <li>Auto reduce general lighting by ≥75% during non-business hours</li> <li>Auto OFF for all non-general lighting during non-business hours</li> <li>Continuous auto dimming for spaces with top daylighting</li> </ul>
Stock, dressing, locker, restrooms	1.0	<ul> <li>Auto-ON or Manual ON occupant sensors</li> <li>Continuous day dimming for spaces with top-lighting</li> </ul>
Offices, meeting, training, storage, utility, break rooms	1.0	<ul> <li>Manual ON occupant sensors</li> <li>Continuous day dimming for spaces with top-lighting</li> </ul>
Stairwells and corridors in building & parking garage	1.0	<ul> <li>Auto OFF when building unoccupied or scheduled to be unoccupied</li> <li>Occ. sensors reduce power ≥ 50% when no activity detected for ≤ 20 mins</li> </ul>
Parking garages  Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. S	0.13	<ul> <li>Auto OFF during non-operating hours</li> <li>Occ. sensors reduce power ≥ 50% when no activity detected for ≤ 20 mins</li> </ul>

Table 9.3.1-2

Building Vitals, LLC

Simplified Building Approaches to Lighting: School Buildings

SPACE	LPA W/ft²	CONTROL REQUIREMENTS (in addition to those required for all spaces except stairwells, corridors, and parking garages)
All spaces except stairwells corridors & parking garages	0.70	<ul> <li>Auto OFF when unoccupied or scheduled to be unoccupied</li> <li>Manual Control allowing lighting power reduction to ≥ 50% and Full OFF</li> </ul>
Offices, meeting, class, library, storage, & break rooms	0.70	Manual ON occupant sensors
Gym, cafeteria	0.70	Occupant sensors
Restrooms	0.70	Occupant sensors
Stairwells and corridors in building & parking garage	0.70	<ul> <li>Auto OFF when building unoccupied or scheduled to be unoccupied</li> <li>Occ. sensors reduce power ≥ 50% when no activity detected for ≤ 20 mins</li> </ul>
Parking garages	0.13	<ul> <li>Auto OFF during non-operating hours</li> <li>Occ. sensors reduce power ≥ 50% when no activity detected for ≤ 20 mins</li> </ul>

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Table 9.3.1-3 Building Vitals, LLC 52

Simplified Building Approaches to Lighting: Building Exteriors

	LIGHTING POWER DENSITY ALLOWANCE				
SPACE	HALLT	<b>EXTERIOR LIGHTING ZONES</b>			
	UNIT	0,1,3	2	4	
Base Allowance	W	200	0.08	0.13	
Façade, special features, walkways, plazas	W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.10	0.03	0.05	
Landscaping	W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.04	11	18	
Entry Doors	W/linear ft	14	0.56	0.88	
Stairs, ramps	W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.70	0.04	0.06	
Parking lots, driveways	W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.05	0.16	0.25	
Unlisted areas	W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.20	0.08	0.13	

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Table 9.3.2 Building Vitals, LLC 53

Simplified Building Approaches to Lighting: Building Exteriors

SPACE	CONTROL REQUIREMENTS (in addition to photocell or astronomical clock programmed to turn lighting OFF when sufficient daylight is available)
Base Allowance	• Auto OFF or reduced to lighting power ≤ 75% during nonoperating hours
Façade, special features, walkways, plazas	<ul> <li>Auto OFF or reduced to lighting power ≤ 75% during nonoperating hours</li> </ul>
Landscaping	<ul> <li>Auto OFF or reduced to lighting power ≤ 75% during nonoperating hours</li> </ul>
Entry Doors	<ul> <li>Auto OFF or reduced to lighting power ≤ 75% during nonoperating hours</li> </ul>
Stairs, ramps	No additional controls required
Parking lots, driveways	<ul> <li>For luminaires mounted ≤ 25 ft, auto reduce power ≥ 50% when no activity detected for ≤ 15 mins</li> </ul>
Unlisted areas	• Auto OFF or reduced to lighting power ≤ 75% during nonoperating hours

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Table 9.3.2 Building Vitals, LLC 54

**Mandatory Interior Lighting Control Strategies under All Compliance Paths** 

#### **TURN ON**



#### **MODULATE**



#### **SHUT OFF**



 ${\tt Data\ Source:\ ASHRAE\ 90.1-2019.\ Exceptions\ may\ apply.\ See\ Standard\ for\ full\ details.}$ 

Section 9.4.1 Building Vitals, LLC 55

# "The penetration of lighting controls remains low and presents an energy efficiency opportunity"

Commercial and Industrial Market Characterization Results.
 Report to MPSC EWR Collaborative
 16 November 2021
 by TRC and Consumers Energy

#### **Criteria for Interior Lighting Control Strategies**

#### **Local Control**

- At least one manual switch in the space
- Controlled area:
  - $\leq$  2,500 ft<sup>2</sup> for spaces  $\leq$  10,000ft<sup>2</sup>
  - $\leq$  10,000 ft<sup>2</sup> for spaces >10,000ft<sup>2</sup>

#### **Exceptions:**

 Remote location allowed for safety or security reasons



**LOCAL CONTROL** 

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards and or current MI Energy Code for complete details.

Section 9.4.1.1.a Building Vitals, LLC 57

#### **Criteria for Interior Lighting Control Strategies**



#### **Manual ON**

No light automatically turned on

#### **Exceptions:**

 Auto-ON allowed for safety or security reasons

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards and or current MI Energy Code for complete details.

Section 9.4.1.1.b Building Vitals, LLC 58



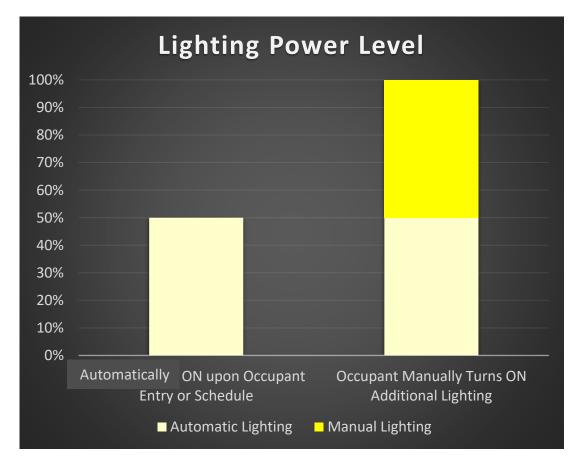
#### **Criteria for Interior Lighting Control Strategies**

#### **Partial Automatic ON**

 No more than half of the general lighting power can be turned on automatically

#### **Exception**

 More than 50% of general lighting can be turned ON for open plan office control zones of ≤ 600 ft<sup>2</sup>



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards and or current MI Energy Code for complete details.

Section 9.4.1.1.c Building Vitals, LLC 59

#### **Criteria for Interior Lighting Control Strategies**

#### **Bi-Level Lighting**

- At least one intermediate level
- Control Types:
  - Manual
  - Automatic

- Control Options:
  - Stepped Ballasts
  - Dual Ballasts
  - Separate Luminaires
  - Continuous Dimming

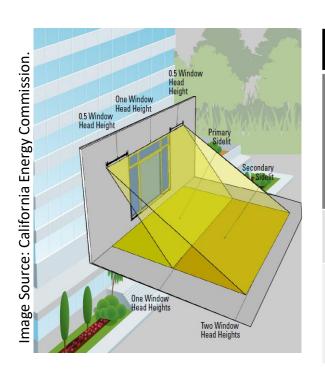
MINIMUM LIGHTING POWER STEPS					
Light Status	Light Level	% Lighting Power			
ON	Full	100%			
ON	Intermediate, X	$30\% \le X \le 70\%$			
OFF	Zero	0%			

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards and or current MI Energy Code for complete details.

Section 9.4.1.1.d Building Vitals, LLC 60

#### **Criteria for Interior Lighting Control Strategies**

#### **Automatic Control for Side Daylighting**



MINIMUM LIGHTING POWER for SIDE-LIGHTING CONTROL						
Power in	Power in	Primary	Secondary	Minimum Steps		
Primary Side-lit Floor Area	Primary & Secondary Side-lit Floor Areas	Lit Floor Area Controlled	Lit Floor Area Controlled	ASHRAE 90.1-2013	ASHRAE 90.1-2019	
≥ 150 W	< 300 W	Yes	No	100%	Continuous	
Any value	≥ 300 W	Yes	Yes	50% ≤ X ≤ 70% 20%≤ X ≤ 40% 0%	Dimming down to 20% or less and OFF	

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards for complete details.

Section 9.4.1.1.e Building Vitals, LLC 61

#### **Criteria for Interior Lighting Control Strategies**

#### **Automatic Control for Side Daylighting**

#### **ASHRAE 90.1-2013**

- Controller readily accessible
- Control of secondary lighted area independent of primary lighted area

#### **ASHRAE 90.1-2019**

- Controller located ≤ 11 ft AFF
- Control of secondary lighted area independent of primary lighted area
- Controller must be coordinate with Automatic Partial OFF controller, if present
- Able to calibrated remotely

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards and or current MI Energy Code for complete details.

Section 9.4.1.1.e Building Vitals, LLC 62

#### **Calculating Primary & Secondary Side-Lighted Areas**

#### **EXAMPLE**

What is the size of the primary and secondary lighted areas for a space at the perimeter of a building has 8 unobstructed windows along the wall with the following ...

dimensions:

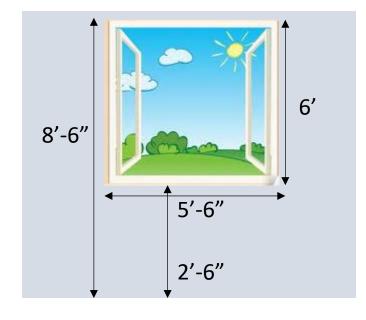
Window Height (WH)= 6'

Window Width (WW)= 5'-6"

Window Head Height (HH)= 8'-6"

Window Sill Height (SH)= 2'-6"

Window Spacing = 10' on center



#### **Calculating Primary & Secondary Side-Lighted Areas**

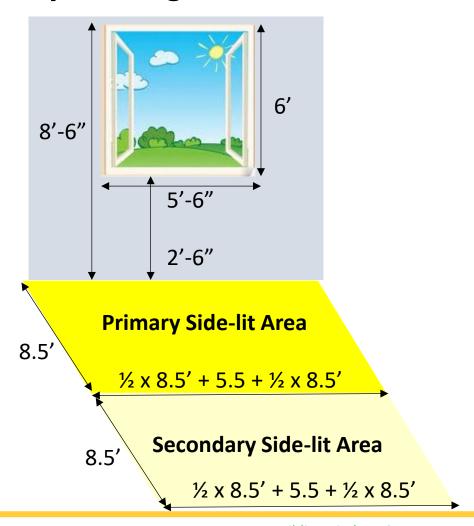
#### **EXAMPLE**, continued

**Primary Floor Area** 

- $= (HH \times [WW + (2 \times \frac{1}{2} HH)]) \times Qty$
- $= 8.5 \times (5.5 + 2 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 8.5) \times 8$
- =  $119 \text{ ft}^2 \text{ per window x 8 windows}$
- $= 952 \text{ ft}^2$

#### Secondary Floor Area

- = Primary Floor Area
- $= 952 \text{ ft}^2$



#### **Exemptions for Automatic Control of Side Daylighting**

by an adjacent structure that is twice as high above the window as its horizontal distance from the window



Areas with total glazing of < 20 ft<sup>2</sup>



Retail spaces



Spaces with external projections having a PF of > 1 if north-facing and >1.5 for all other orientations and no windows above the projection



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 9.4.1.1.e Building Vitals, LLC 65

#### **Criteria for Minimum Skylight Fenestration**



- In any enclosed space that is:
  - $\geq$  2,500 ft<sup>2</sup>
  - Directly under a roof with ceiling height > 15 ft
  - One of the listed spaces
- Total daylight area under skylights shall be ≥ half the floor area and either:
  - Provide ≥ 3% ratio of skylight area to daylight area under the skylights with a VT ≥ 0.4
  - Provide a skylight effective aperture of ≥ 1%
- Glazing material to have a haze value of ≥ 90%

#### Required in:

- Atrium
- Vehicle Service Areas
- Convention Centers
- Corridors
- Concourse
- Office
- Storage
- Fitness
- Playing
- Distribution & Sorting

- Gymnasia
- Lobby
- Manufacturing Bays
- Workshops
- Courtroom
- Automotive Service
- Fire Station Engine
- Library
- Retail
- Transportation
- Baggage & Seating

 ${\tt Data\ Source:\ ASHRAE\ 90.1-2019.\ Exceptions\ may\ apply.\ See\ Standard\ for\ full\ details.}$ 

Section 5.5.4.3.2 Building Vitals, LLC

**Exceptions for which Skylights are not required:** 

- Climate Zones 6 and 7
- 2. Enclosed spaces for which it is documented that daylight would be blocked annually for more than 1500 hours between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.
- 3. Enclosed spaces where the daylight area under roof monitors is >50% of the enclosed floor area
- 4. Enclosed spaces for which it is documented that 90% of the skylight area would be shaded by permanent features of the building at 12 noon on Jun 21st
- 5. Enclosed spaces where the total area minus the primary and secondary side-lighted areas is  $< 2,500 \text{ ft}^2$  and the lighting is properly controlled for side day-lighting



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 5.5.4.3.2 Building Vitals, LLC 67

#### **Criteria for Interior Lighting Control Strategies**

#### **Automatic Control for Top Daylighting**

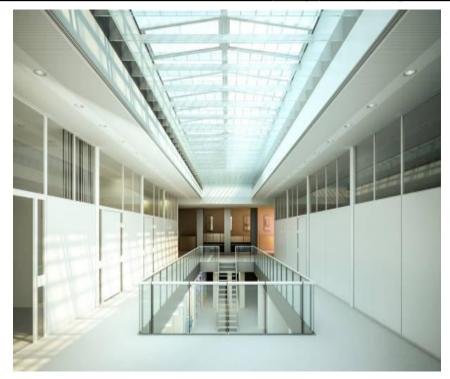
#### MINIMUM LIGHTING POWER for TOP-LIGHTING CONTROL **Minimum Steps** Non-overlapped **Overlapped** Power in Top-lit Top-lit Floor Area Side-lit Area Side-lit Area **ASHRAE ASHRAE Floor Area** Controlled Controlled Controlled 90.1-2013 90.1-2019 100% Continuous with with $50\% \le X \le 70\%$ Dimming ≥ 150 W Yes down to 20% or less. Side-Lighting **Top-Lighting** 20%< X < 40% 0% and OFF

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards and or current MI Energy Code for complete details.

Section 9.4.1.1.f Building Vitals, LLC 68

#### **Criteria for Interior Lighting Control Strategies**

#### **Automatic Control for Top Daylighting**



#### **ASHRAE 90.1-2013**

Controller readily accessible

#### **ASHRAE 90.1-2019**

- Controller located ≤ 11 ft AFF
- Controller must be coordinate with Automatic Partial OFF controller, if present
- Able to calibrated remotely

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards and or current MI Energy Code for complete details.

Section 9.4.1.1.f Building Vitals, LLC 69

#### **Exemptions for Automatic Control of Top Daylighting**

#### **ASHRAE 90.1-2013**

- Day-lit areas significantly shaded by a permanent adjacent structure blocking direct sunlight:
  - More than 1500 hours per year, and
  - Between 8 am and 4 pm
- When VT of skylights is less than 0.4

#### **ASHRAE 90.1-2019**

- Day-lit areas significantly shaded by a permanent adjacent structure blocking direct sunlight:
  - More than 1500 hours per year, and
  - Between 8 am and 4 pm
- When skylight effective aperture for the space is < 0.006</li>

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards and or current MI Energy Code for complete details.

Section 9.4.1.1.f Building Vitals, LLC

#### **Definitions**

**visible transmittance**, *n*. ratio of visible radiation entering space to the incident visible radiation. Certified value provided by manufacturer.

**skylight effective aperture**, *n*. overall visible transmittance of the roof via skylights. Calculated as:

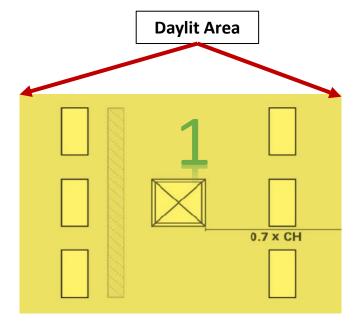
0.85 x Skylight Area x Visible Transmittance x WF Daylight floor area under skylight

Well Factor, WF = 0.9 for well depths < 2 ft or 0.7 for depths ≥ 2 ft

Section 3.2 Building Vitals, LLC 7.3

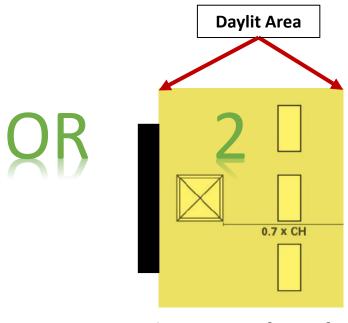
## Calculating Daylight Area Under Skylights

Daylit area is bound horizontally in each direction by the smaller of:



0.7 x CH

where CH is the ceiling height



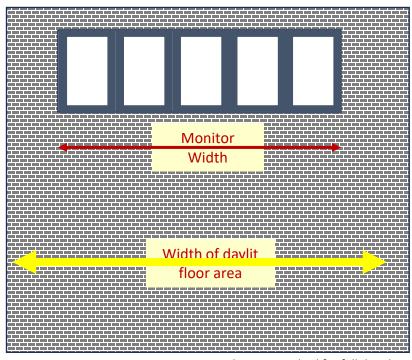
the nearest face of any opaque, vertical obstruction that is located at a distance, d, that is  $[0.7 \text{ x (CH-OH)}] \leq d \leq [0.7 \text{ x CH}]$  where OH is the height of the obstruction

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 3.2 Building Vitals, LLC 72

#### **Calculating Daylight Area Under Roof Monitors and Clerestory Windows**

Daylit Area Under Monitors = Width of daylit area x Horizontal Length of daylight area



#### Width of daylit area is

Monitor width plus the smaller of:

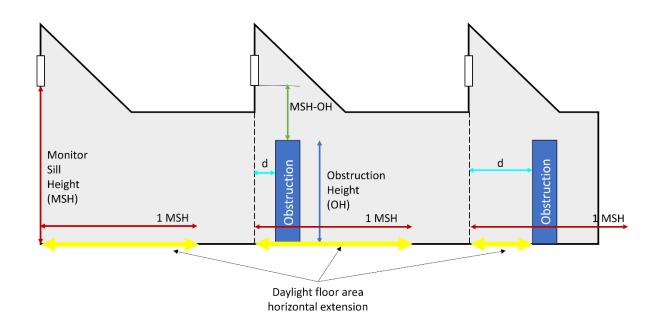
- a) 2 ft
- b) Distance to any vertical obstruction 5 ft or taller
- c) Distance to edge of any primary side-lighted area

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 3.2 Building Vitals, LLC 73

### **Calculating Daylight Area Under Roof Monitors and Clerestory Windows**

Daylit Area Under Monitors = Width of daylit area x Horizontal Length of daylight area



#### Horizonal Length of daylit area is

The smaller of:

- a) Monitor sill height (MSH)
- b) Distance to the nearest face of any opaque, vertical obstruction that is located at a distance, d, that is (MSH-OH) ≤ d ≤ MSH

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 3.2 Building Vitals, LLC 7-

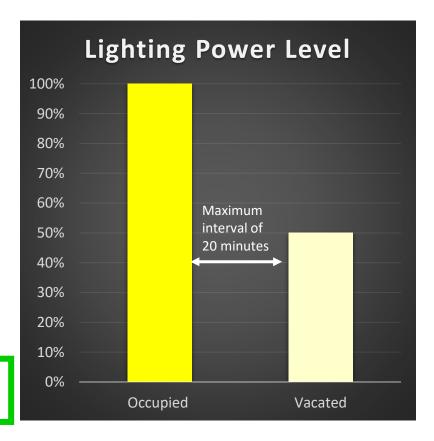
### **Criteria for Interior Lighting Control Strategies**

#### **Automatic Partial OFF**

Automatically turn OFF **at least half** of the lighting power no later than 20 minutes after everyone leaves the space

#### **Exceptions (all must be met):**

- Space lighted by HIDs
- The space has an LPD  $\leq$  0.8W/ft<sup>2</sup>
- General lighting power is automatically reduced by 30% no more than 20 minutes after everyone leaves the space
- Lighting load is ≤ 0.02 W/ft² x building gross lighted floor area



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 9.4.1.1.g Building Vitals, LLC 75

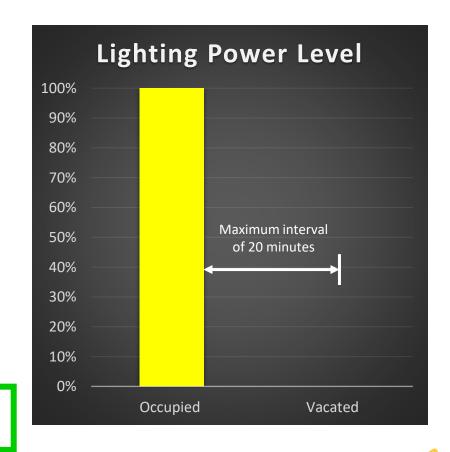
### **Criteria for Interior Lighting Control Strategies**

#### **Automatic Full OFF**

- Automatically turn OFF **ALL** of the lighting power no later than 20 minutes after everyone leaves the space.
- Controlled areas must be ≤ 5,000 ft<sup>2</sup>

#### **Exceptions:**

- General and task lighting in shop and laboratory classrooms
- General and task lighting in spaces where auto OFF would endanger safety or security
- Lighting required for 24/7 operation
- Lighting load is ≤ 0.02 W/ft² x building gross lighted floor area



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 9.4.1.1.h Building Vitals, LLC 76



#### **Scheduled OFF**

All lighting automatically turned OFF when space is scheduled to be unoccupied



- Time of day programming
- Signal from another device

#### **Controlled area per controller:**

- $\leq 25,000 \text{ ft}^2$
- 1 floor

#### **Programmability:**

- Weekdays
- Weekends
- Holidays

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

#### **Optional Overrides:**

- Time limit of 2 hours
- Controlled area of ≤ 5,000 ft<sup>2</sup>

#### **Exceptions:**

- Lighting required for 24/7 operation
- Lighting in patient care areas
- Where auto shut OFF would endanger safety or security
- Lighting load is ≤ 0.02 W/ft<sup>2</sup> x building gross lighted floor area

Section 9.4.1.1.i Building Vitals, LLC 77



**Criteria for Interior Lighting Control Strategies** 

### Scheduled OFF during non-business hours

Specialty lighting automatically turned OFF when business is scheduled to be closed



#### **Applications:**

- Decorative
- Art & Exhibits
- Sales

#### **Control types:**

- Time of day programming
- Signal from another device

#### **Optional Overrides:**

Time limit of 2 hours

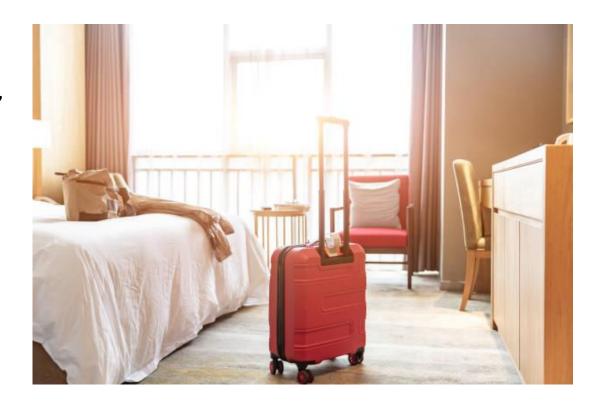
Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 9.4.1.1.j Building Vitals, LLC 78

### **Criteria for Interior Lighting Control Strategies**

#### **Guestrooms**

- Except where controlled by captive key cards, lighting and switched receptacles automatically turn off 20 minutes after occupants leave the room.
- Except for night-lighting that is ≤ 5 W, bathrooms must have separate controller that automatically turns OFF bathroom lighting 30 minutes after occupants have left the bathroom.



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 9.4.1.3.b Building Vitals, LLC 79

### **Criteria for Parking Garage Lighting Control Strategies**

#### **Scheduled OFF**

All lighting automatically turned OFF when space is scheduled to be unoccupied

#### Control types:

- Time of day programming
- Signal from another device

#### Controlled area per controller:

- $\circ \le 25,000 \text{ ft}^2$
- ≤ 1 floor

#### Programmability:

- Weekdays
- Weekends
- Holidays

**Optional Overrides:** 

- Time limit of 2 hours
- Area of  $\leq$  5,000 ft<sup>2</sup>

#### **Exceptions:**

- Lighting required for 24/7 operation
- Where auto shut OFF would endanger safety or security



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 9.4.1.2.a Building Vitals, LLC 80

### **Criteria for Parking Garage Lighting Control Strategies**

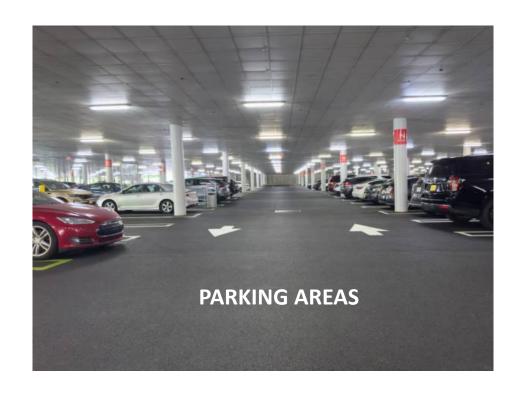
#### **Automatic Partial OFF**

<b>Control Action</b>	90.1-2013	90.1-2019
Reduction	30%	50%
Time Limit	20 min	10 min

- Control types:
  - Occupancy / Vacancy
- Area per controller:
  - $\leq$  3,600 ft<sup>2</sup>

#### **Exceptions:**

- Daylight transition zones
- Ramps without parking



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 9.4.1.2.b Building Vitals, LLC 81

Updated

### **Criteria for Parking Garage Lighting Control Strategies**

#### **Day-light Responsive Control at Entrances and Exits**

<b>Control Action</b>	90.1-2013	90.1-2019
Reduction	50%	≤ general lighting level
Time Period	sunset to sunrise	sunset to sunrise

- Controlled independent of the general lighting controls
- Control types:
  - Stepped
  - Continuous Dimming
- Control Methods:
  - Time Switch
  - Photosensor



- Transition Area Limits
  - 50 ft wide
  - 66 ft depth into structure

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 9.4.1.2.c Building Vitals, LLC 82

### **Criteria for Parking Garage Lighting Control Strategies**



#### **Exceptions:**

- Day-light transition zones
- Ramps without parking
- Screen or architectural elements obstruct > 50% of the opening
- Height of adjacent structure or natural object is ≥ twice its horizontal distance

**Day-light Responsive at Perimeter** 

**ASHRAE 90.1-2013** 

Luminaires within 20 ft of any perimeter wall having a net opening-to-wall area ratio  $\geq$  40% must have day-light responsive control that maintains the required illuminance level with the lowest sufficient power input.

#### **ASHRAE 90.1-2019**

Luminaires within 20 ft of any perimeter wall totaling at least **24 ft<sup>2</sup>** must have day-light responsive control that maintains the required illuminance level with the lowest sufficient power input using **continuous dimming**.

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 9.4.1.2.d Building Vitals, LLC 83

### **Example**

Find: Compliant controls for a conference room

**Excerpt of Table 9.6.1** 

SPACE	LPD,	RCR				CONT	ROL STRAT	<b>TEGIES</b>			
TYPE	W/ft <sup>2</sup>	Threshold	Local Control	Manual ON	Partial Auto ON	Bi-Level Control	Auto Side Day Lighting	Auto Top Day Lighting	Automatic Partial OFF	Auto Full OFF	Scheduled Shut OFF
Banking Area	0.61	6	REQ	ADD 1	ADD 1	REQ	REQ	REQ		ADD 2	ADD 2
Conference Room	0.97	6	REQ	ADD 1	ADD 1	REQ	REQ	REQ		REQ	
Copy Room	0.31	6	REQ	ADD 1	ADD 1	REQ	REQ	REQ		REQ	

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards and or current MI Energy Code for complete details.

#### Question

The full general power of a corridor remains on after it has been vacated for an hour during business hours. Are the lighting controls compliant? No.

**Excerpt of Table 9.6.1** 

SPACE	LPD,	RCR		CONTROL STRATEGIES							
TYPE	W/ft²	Threshold	Local Control	Manual ON	Partial Automatic ON	Bi-Level Control	Automatic Daylight Side- Lighting Control	Automatic Daylight Top- Lighting Control	Auto Partial OFF	Auto Full OFF	Sched. OFF
Corridor, Visually Impaired	0.71	Width < 8 ft	REQ				REQ	REQ	REQ	ADD 2	ADD 2
Corridor, Hospital	0.71	Width < 8 ft	REQ				REQ	REQ	ADD 2	ADD 2	ADD 2
Corridor, All Other	0.41	Width <8 ft	REQ				REQ	REQ	REQ	ADD 2	ADD 2

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards and or current MI Energy Code for complete details.

#### Additional LPD Allowance Control Factors for Extra Controls

#### **Excerpt of Table 9.6.3**

Additional Control Method (in addition to mandatory requirements)	Open Office	Private Office	Conference Room <sup>1</sup>	Retail Sales	Lobby, Atrium, Corridor, Gym, Parking Garage <sup>1</sup>
Manual, Continuous Dimming, or Programmable Multi-level Dimming	0.05	0.05	0.10	0.10	Zero
Occupancy sensor for the downlight component of workstation luminaires with continuous dimming to OFF	0.30	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards and or current MI Energy Code for complete details.

1. Applicable to additional space types as well.

Additional Power Allowance = Lighting Power Under Extra Control x Control Factor

Table 9.6.3 Building Vitals, LLC 86

### Additional LPD Allowance Control Factors for Extra Controls

Control Method in addition to mandatory requirements	ASH	RAE
	90.1-2013	90.1-2019
Manual, Continuous Dimming, or Programmable Multi-level Dimming	✓	✓
Programmable Multi-level Dimming using time scheduling	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Occupancy sensor for the downlight component of workstation luminaires with continuous dimming to OFF	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>
Occupancy sensor for the downlight component of workstation luminaires with continuous dimming to OFF and occupant continuous dimming	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Automatic continuous daylight dimming in secondary side-lighted areas	<b>✓</b>	X

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards and or current MI Energy Code for complete details.

### **Criteria for Exterior Lighting Control Strategies**

- Automatically turned OFF when sufficient daylight is available
- Time switches must have:
  - Battery Back-up
  - Flash memory or other storage means for up to 10 hours

#### • Exceptions:

- Covered entrances and exits of building or parking structures
- Light integral to signage and installed by the manufacturer.

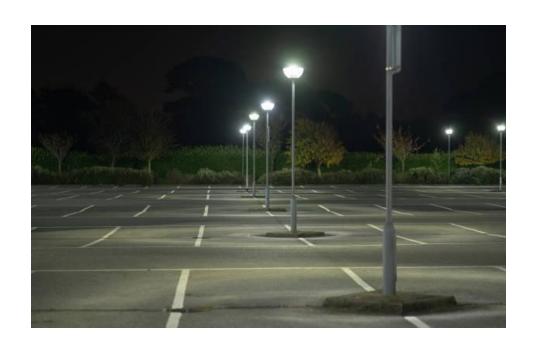
5	EXTERIOR LIGHTING CONTROL							
	BUILDING ELEMENT	LIGHTING OFF	LIGHTING ON					
	Façade and Landscaping	<ul> <li>At the later of:</li> <li>12 midnight</li> <li>Closing</li> <li>Time established by AHJ</li> <li>When day-light is available</li> </ul>	At the earlier of:  • 6 am  • Opening  • Time established by AHJ					

BUILDING ELEMENT	REDUCED BY AT LEAST 30%	LIGHTING ON
Unspecified and Signage	<ul> <li>At the later of:</li> <li>12 midnight</li> <li>Within 1 hr of closing</li> </ul> During any period with no activity for longer than 15 minutes	At the earlier of:  • 6 am  • Opening

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 9.4.1.4 Building Vitals, LLC 88

### Criteria for Exterior Lighting Control Strategies



Controls for luminaires > 78 W with mounting height  $\leq$  24 ft must automatically reduce power  $\geq$  50% when no activity has been detected for  $\leq$  15 minutes.

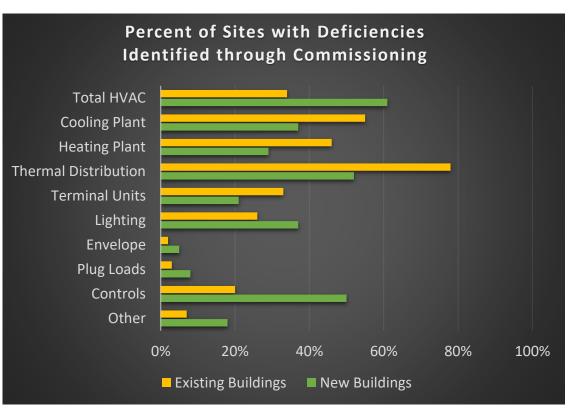
Maximum of 1500 W under a single controller.

Section 9.4.1.4.d Building Vitals, LLC

### **Criteria of Function Testing for Lighting Controls**

Lighting control devices and system is function tested to ensure all hardware and software is:

- Properly calibrated
- Properly located
- Properly adjusted
- Properly programmed
- Working in accordance with construction documents and manufacturers' instructions



Source: Data Source: Building Commissioning: A Golden Opportunity to Reducing Energy Costs and Green House Gas Emissions by Evan Mills, Ph.D. Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, 2009.

### Who Can Perform Function Testing for Lighting Controls

#### **ASHRAE 90.1-2013**

"The individual(s) responsible for the functional testing shall not be directly involved in either the design or construction of the project and shall provide documentation certifying that the installed lighting controls meet or exceed all documented performance criteria."

#### **ASHRAE 90.1-2019**

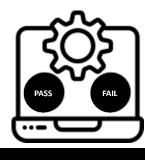
"V&T providers shall not be individuals who performed design or installation of the systems or assemblies being verified or tested."

Acceptable V&T providers include:

- Owner's qualified employees
- Commissioning providers
- Design professionals
- Qualified designers
- Qualified technicians

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standards and or current MI Energy Code for complete details.

### **Functional Performance Testing Criteria for Occupancy Sensors**



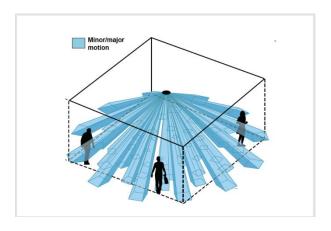


Image Source: Adapted from U.S. DOE

#### Test

- Status indicator operates
- •Controlled lighting turns down to permitted level within required time
- Auto-ON operates properly
- Manual-ON operates properly
- Lights are not inadvertently turned on

John Hancock

### Certify

 Sensor located and aimed per manufacturer's recommendations

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 9.9.1.a Building Vitals, LLC 92

**Criteria of Function Testing for Automatic Time Switches** 



#### **Test**

- Proper operation of switches during simulated occupied condition
- Proper operation of overrides during simulated unoccupied condition
- All nonexempt lighting turns
   OFF during simulated
   unoccupied condition



### Verify

- Programming with appropriate schedules for:
  - Weekdays
  - Weekends
  - Holidays
- Control switch operation
- Correct time and date
- Back-up batteries are installed and energized
- Override time limit is ≤ 2 hrs



#### **Document**

- Proper controls operation
- Programming
- Schedules
- Set-up
- Preference settings

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 9.9.1.b Building Vitals, LLC 93

### **Criteria of Function Testing for Daylight Responsive Controls**





 Controlled lighting adjusts to appropriate levels in response to available daylight



### Verify

- Setpoints programmed
- Thresholds programmed
- All photocontrols are:
  - Properly located
  - Field calibrated
- Calibration location is readily accessible to maintenance personnel only
- Drawings show:
  - Sky-lit zones
  - Primary side-lit zones
  - Secondary side-lit zones

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 9.9.1.c Building Vitals, LLC 94

### **Submittals and Record Drawings**

As-built floor plans indicating, at a minimum, for **each piece of lighting equipment**, the following: :

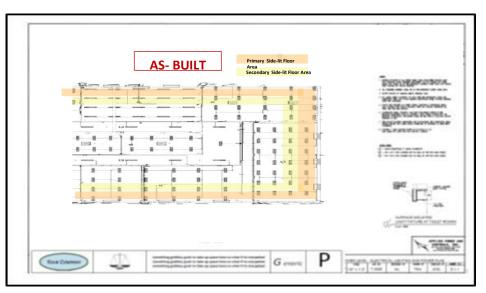
- Location
- Luminaire Identifier
- Control
- Circuiting

General lighting luminaires within daylight areas for:

- Skylights
- Roof Monitors
- Primary Side-light
- Secondary Side-light

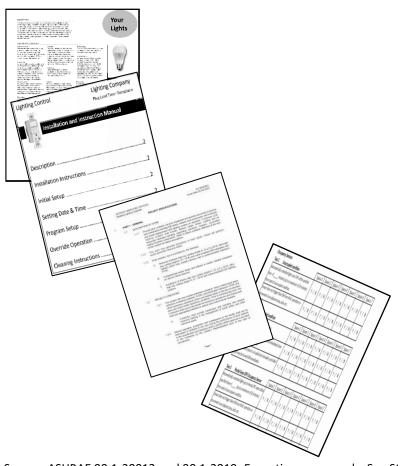
Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.





Section 9.7.3 Building Vitals, LLC 95

#### **Documentation Requirements**



Construction documents to require a system operating and maintenance manual supplied to the owner within 90 days of system acceptance:

- Submittal Data or rating and installed options for all lamps, ballasts, drivers, and controls
- Operation & Maintenance Manual with recommendations for re-lamping, cleaning, inspection and recalibration
- Operation Narrative with sequence of operation and setpoints

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 9.7.3 Building Vitals, LLC 96

#### **Checklist Aids for Compliance**

Interior Lighting	Controls (	Section 9.4.1.1	)
-------------------	------------	-----------------	---

			Control Function									
Adapted from ASHRAE 90.1	Space	Building Type/Space Type	Local Control—Section 9.4.1.1	Restricted to Manual ON— Section 9.4.1.1	Restricted to Partial Automatic ON —Section 9.4.1.1	Bilevel Lighting Control— Section 9.4.1.1	Automatic Daylight Responsive Controls for Sidelighting— Section 9.4.1.1	for b	Automatic Partial OFF (Full OFF complies)—Section 9.4.1.1	Automatic Full OFF— Section 9.4.1.1	Scheduled Shutoff— Section 9.4.1.1	Scheduled Off during non- business hours—
m/	IĎ	(Table 9.6.1)	а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j
fro			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	•
ted			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	•
dap			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	•
			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	•
age			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Source of Images:			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e of			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
nrc			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
So			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	•

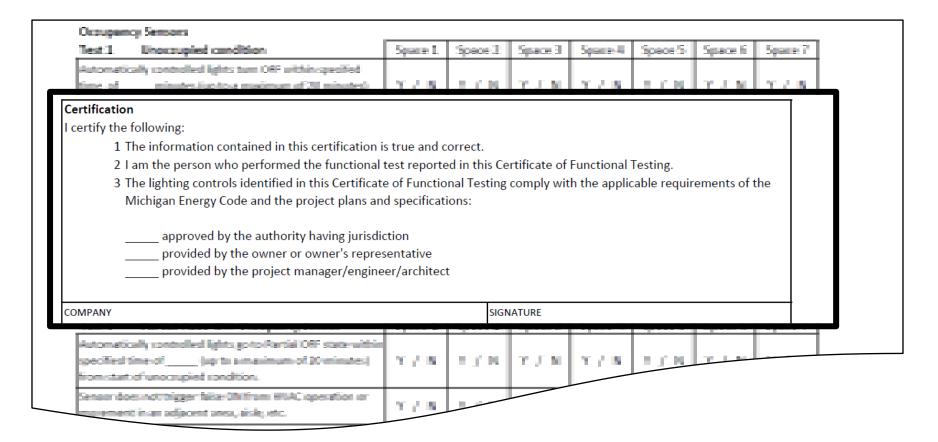
Available at www.ashrae.org

Search for:

90.1-2019 Lighting Compliance Form

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

#### **Example Lighting Function Test Reporting Form**



# Lighting in Section 10 – OTHER EQUIPMENT

Michigan Energy Code Update: ASHRAE 90.1-2019

### **Criteria for Elevator Lighting**

- The total efficacy of all cab general lighting, not including signals and displays, to be ≥ 35 lm/W
- When stopped and unoccupied with doors closed for ≥15 minutes, cab interior lighting to de-energize
- Design Documentation
  - ISO 25745-2 Use Category
  - ISO 25745-2 Energy Efficiency Class



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

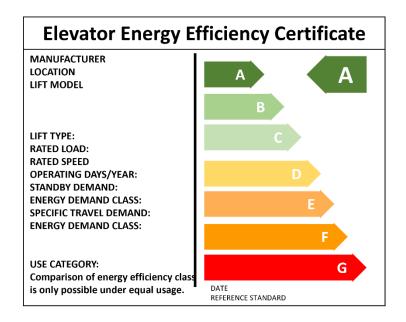
Section 10.4.3 Building Vitals, LLC 100

### **Design Documentation Criteria for Elevators**

### **Use Category**

Use Category	Use Intensity	Trips per Day
1	Very Low	<75
2	Low	75 ≤ X < 200
3	Medium	200 ≤ X < 500
4	High	500 ≤ X < 1000
5	Very High	1000 ≤ X < 2000
6	Extremely High	≥ 200

### **Energy Efficiency Class**



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019 and ISO 25745-2. Exceptions may apply. See Standards for complete details.

Section 10.4.3.4 Building Vitals, LLC 101

# Questions





# Coffee Break

### Section 6 – HVAC

Michigan Energy Code Update: ASHRAE 90.1-2019

### **HVAC Provisions Apply to:**

#### **New Construction**



- Heating
- Ventilation
- Air-Conditioning
- Refrigeration
- Ductwork
- Piping

**Additions** 



New Equipment

#### **Alterations**



- Direct Replacements
- Equipment for previously uncooled spaces
- Ductwork
- Piping

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 6.1 Building Vitals, LLC 105

### New Criteria for Direct HVAC Equipment Replacements

Direct replacements must comply with the following criteria as applicable:

- Simplified Approach for HVAC Systems
- Equipment Efficiencies,
   Verification & Labeling
- Fan efficiency
- Walk-In Coolers & Walk-In Freezers
- Fractional Horsepower/ Kilowatt Fan Motors

- Zone Thermostatic Controls
- Set Point Overlap Restrictions
- OFF-Hour Controls
- Ventilation System Controls
- Freeze Protection and Snow/Ice Melt Systems
- Ventilation Controls for High Occupancy Areas
- Heated or Cooled Vestibules

- Air Economizers
- Integrated Economizer Control
- Economizer Heating System Impact
- Supply Fan Airflow Control
- Boiler Turndown
- Chiller and Boiler Isolation
- Fan Speed Control

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 6.1.1.3 Building Vitals, LLC 10

### **Exceptions for Alterations**

Direct replacements need not comply when:

- Alteration is a modification or repair only and results in no increase in annual energy use
- Alteration is a like-for-like replacement and requires extensive revisions to other systems
- Alteration is a refrigerant change to existing equipment
- Alteration is a relocation of existing equipment
- Alteration is to ducts and piping where there is not enough space or access to meet these requirements

Section 6.1.1.3 Building Vitals, LLC

	COMPLIANCE PATHS for HVAC SYSTEMS & CONTROLS									
					Path Options		New			
Section		Section	3. Simplified Approach	5. Prescriptive Path	6. Alternate Compliance	Energy Cost Budget	Performance Rating Method			
	1 General		•	•	•	•	•			
	4	Mandatory		•	•	•	•			
	7	Submittals	•	•	•	•	•			
1	8	Equipment Efficiencies	•	•	•	•	•			
	9	Verification, Testing, and Commissioning	•	•	•	•	•			

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

New Path

New

Section

**Compliance Path Criteria** 

### **6.4 Mandatory Provisions**

- Min Equip Efficiencies
- Calculations
- Controls & Diagnostics
- HVAC System Construction & Insulation
- Walk-in Coolers & Freezers
- Refrigerated Display Cases
- Liquid-to-liquid HXs

### 6.5 Prescriptive Path

- Economizers
- Simultaneous Heating & Cooling Limitations
- Air System Design & Control
- Hydronic System Design & Control
- Heat Rejection Equipment
- Energy Recovery
- Exhaust Systems
- Radiant Heating Systems
- Hot Gas Bypass Limitations
- Door Switches
- Refrigeration Systems

### 6.4 Alternate Compliance

Computer Room Systems

### 6.3 Simplified Approach

Small Buildings

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

### **Criteria for HVAC Simplified Approach**

- Buildings ≤ 2 stories in height
- Gross floor area < 25,000 ft<sup>2</sup>
- Heating equipment restricted to:
  - Unitary and split heat pumps
  - PTAC, PTAC-HP
  - Room A/C
  - Furnace, Unit Heater, or Duct Furnace
  - Boiler
- Cooling equipment restricted to:
  - Air-cooled unitary or split A/C or HP
  - Evaporatively-cooled unitary or split A/C or HP
  - PTAC, PTAC-HP



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

### Criteria for HVAC Simplified Approach

- System serves single zone
- Variable airflow per 6.5.3.2.1
- Cooling equipment restrictions & efficiency requirements
- Economizer per 6.5.1 and **6.4.3.12**
- Heating equipment restrictions & efficiency requirements
- Exhaust air energy recovery per 6.5.6.1
- Manual changeover or dual setpoint thermostat
- Heat pump auxiliary heat restrictions
- No reheat or simultaneous heating & cooling for humidity control
- 7-Day programmable thermostatic control for systems of a certain size

- Automatic control for hotel/motel guestrooms in facilities with > 50 guest rooms
- Piping insulation
- Plenum and ductwork sealing and insulation
- Construction documents to require TAB
- Outdoor & exhaust air intakes per 6.4.3.4
- No simultaneous heating & cooling
- Optimum start control when supply air >10,000 cfm
- Demand controlled ventilation per 6.4.3.8
- Occupied standby controls per 6.5.3.8
- Ventilation design requirements per 6.5.3.7
- Door Switches per 6.5.10

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

## **HVAC Mandatory Provisions**

Michigan Energy Code Update: ASHRAE 90.1-2019



### Additions and Deletions to Tabulated HVAC Equipment Efficiencies

### **Additional Equipment**

- Indoor Pool Dehumidifiers
- DX-DOAS Units
  - with Energy Recovery
  - without Energy Recovery
- Water –Source Heat Pumps
- Heat Pump & Heat Recovery Chillers
- Ceiling mounted CRAC Units
- Walk-In Coolers & Freezers
  - with Display Door
  - without Display Door
- Refrigeration System for Walk-In Coolers & Freezers
- Warm-Air Furnaces for outside the U.S.

### **Removed Equipment**

Liquid-to-liquid Heat Exchangers

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTIONS 6.4.1.1 and 6.8 Building Vitals, LLC 11



### **Updated Criteria for HVAC Equipment Efficiencies**

Updated efficiencies

- Change in table numbering system
- Improvement in minimum efficiencies
- Updates to efficiency reporting
- Additions and removals of listed equipment

Equipment Type	Size Category	Heating Section Type	Subcategory or Rating Condition	Minimum Efficiency	Test Procedure <sup>a</sup>
Air conditioners, air cooled <65,000 Btu/h <sup>b</sup>	<65,000 Btu/h <sup>b</sup>	All	Split system, three phase and applications outside U.S. single phase <sup>b</sup>	13.0 SEER before 1/1/2023 13.4 SEER2 after 1/1/2023	AHRI 210/240-2017 before 1/1/20 Arri21/210/240 after 1/1/2023
		Single-package, three phase and applications outside U.S. single phase <sup>b</sup>	14.0 SEER before 1/1/2023 13.4 SEER2 after 1/1/2023	allel 1/1/2023	
Space constrained, air cooled	id, ≤30,000 Btu/h <sup>b</sup>	All	Split system, three phase and applications outside U.S. single phase <sup>b</sup>	12.0 SEER before 1/1/2023 11.7 SEER2 after 1/1/2023	AHRI 210/24 before 1/1/20 AHRI 210/24 after 1/1/2023
			Single package, three phase and applications outside U.S. single phase <sup>b</sup>	12.0 SEER before 1/1/2023 11.7 SEER2 after 1/1/2023	

New units of measure

Image Source: adapted from ASHRAE 90.1-2013

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTIONS 6.4.1.1 and 6.8 Building Vitals, LLC 114

**NEW METRIC** 

#### SEER2

- Calculated the same as SEER
- SEER2 = Season Btu Output/Seasonal Electric Energy Input
- Test conditions changed

Data	<b>Old Test Criteria</b>	<b>New Test Criteria</b>
External Static Pressure	01. – 0.2 in. wc.	0.50 in. wc.
Fan Power (Coil Only Units)	365 W per 1000 cfm	441 W per 1000 cfm
Heating Test Conditions	47 °F and 17 °F	47 °F, 17 °F and 5 °F
Heating Load Start Point	65 °F	55 °F
Building Load Line Slope	0.77	Fixed Speed: 1.15 Variable Speed: 1.07

0 Building Vitals, LLC 115

### **Options for Minimum Chiller Efficiencies**

<b>Equipment Type</b>	Size Category	Units	Path A	Path B
Air Cooled Chiller	< 150 tons	EER	10.100 FL 13.700 IPLV.IP	9.700 FL 15.800 IPLV.IP
	≥ 150 tons	EER	10.100 FL 14.000 IPLV. IP	9.700 FL 16.100 IPLV. IP
Water-cooled,	≥ 150 tuiis, ~ 500 te	•	0.C10 EI	0.635 FL
electric, centrifugal			0.550 IPLV. IF	
	≥ 300 tons, < 400 tons	kW/ton	0.560 FL 0.520 IPLV. IP	0.595 FL 0.390 IPLV. IP
	≥ 400 tons, < 600 tons	kW/ton	0.560 FL 0.500 IPLV. IP	0.585 FL 0.380 IPLV. IP
	≥ 600 tons	kW/ton	0.560 FL 0.500 IPLV. IP	0.585 FL 0.380 IPLV. IP

Data Source: Excerpted from ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTIONS 6.4.1.1 and 6.8 Building Vitals, LLC 116

Calculating Efficiencies for Non-Standard Performance Conditions for Chillers

$$FL_{adj} = \underline{FL}_{Adj}$$

$$K_{adj} = A \times B$$

3.93073

$$A = 0.00000014592 \times Lift^4 - 0.0000346496 \times Lift^3 + 0.00314196 \times Lift^2 - 0.147199 \times Lift + 3.9302$$

B = 
$$0.0015 \times Lvg ChWT_{FL} + 0.934$$

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.



**Criteria for Applying Non-Standard Performance Conditions for Chillers** 

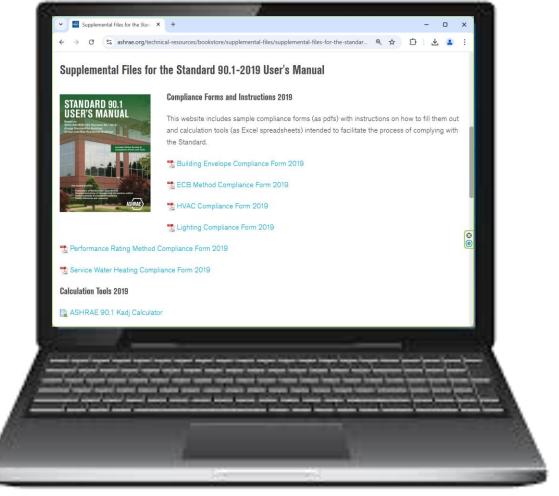
#### **ASHRAE 90.1-2013**

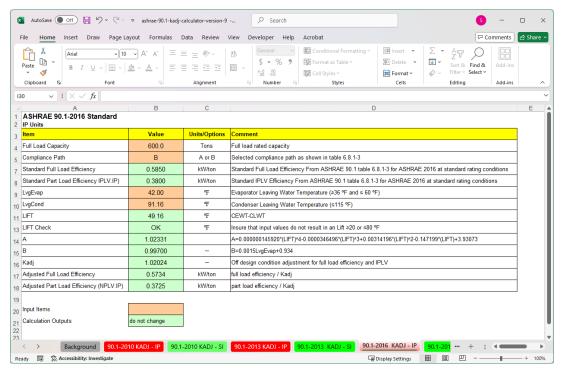
- Min LChWT = 36 °F
- Max ECWT = 115 °F
- 20 °F≤ Lift ≤ 80 °F

#### **ASHRAE 90.1-2019**

- 36 °F≤ LChWT ≤ 60 °F
- Max ECWT = 115 °F
- 20 °F≤ Lift ≤ 80 °F

**ASHRAE** K<sub>adi</sub> Calculator

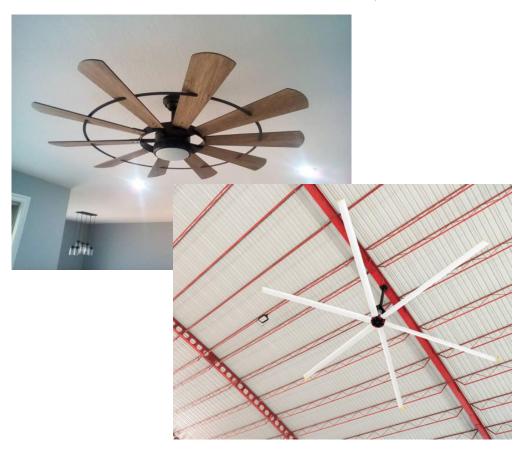




http://ashrae.org/UM90.1-2019

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019 User Manual. Exceptions may apply. See Manual for complete details.

### Criteria for Ceiling Fans



#### Large Diameter Ceiling Fans

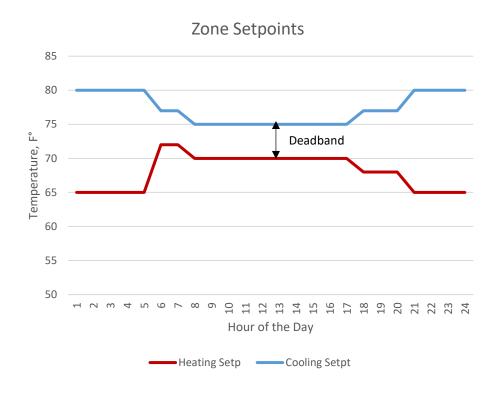
- Rated per AMCA 230 or 10 CFR 430
- Provide:
  - Blade tip diameter
  - Rated airflow at max speed
  - Rated power consumption at max speed
- Data must meet one of the following:
  - Rated by independent laboratory
  - Listed in U.S. DOE database
  - Certified per 6.4.1.5

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for complete details.

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### Criteria for HVAC Thermostatic Controls: Deadband

When controlling both heating and cooling, zone controls require deadband of ≥ 5°F in which both heating and cooling energy is either OFF or at a minimum.



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

### Criteria for HVAC Thermostatic Controls: Setpoint Overlap Restriction

When separate controllers control a single zone, means must be provided to prevent the heating setpoint from exceeding the cooling setpoint minus any deadband.

$$T_H \le T_C - DB$$



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Criteria for HVAC Thermostatic Controls: OFF-Hour Controls

Buildings are required to have OFF-Hour Controls

#### **Exceptions:**

- HVAC systems intended to operate 24/7
- Systems with readily accessible manual controls and a design heating capacity < 15 MBH</li>

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

# Criteria for HVAC OFF-Hour Thermostatic Controls: Automatic Shutdown

#### **OPTION 1**

- 7-day programmable controller
- Retain programming and time setting during power loss of 10 days
- Manual override for up ≤ 2 hours

#### **OPTION 2**

 Occupant sensor that shuts OFF system within 30 minute of occupants vacating space

#### **OPTION 4**

**OPTION 3** 

2 hours

 Security system interlock that shuts down HVAC system wen security system is activated

Manual timer that operates system for ≤

#### **Exceptions:**

Residential occupancies can use 2-day programmable controls

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

### **Criteria for HVAC OFF-Hour Thermostatic Controls: Setback**

#### **Heating Systems**

 Automatically restart and operate system to maintain zone temperature above an adjustable setpoint ≥ 10°F below the occupied setpoint.

#### **Cooling Systems**

 Automatically restart and operate mechanical cooling system to maintain zone temperature below an adjustable setpoint ≥ 5°F above the occupied setpoint.

#### **Exceptions:**

Minimum setback for radiant heating systems is 4°F



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

### **Criteria for HVAC OFF-Hour Thermostatic Controls: Optimum Start**



DDC systems with setback control are required to also have Optimum Start based on (a) the differential between space temperature and the occupied setpoint and (b) the time prior to occupancy.

Mass radiant floor slab systems must include floor temperature in the algorithm.

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

### Criteria for HVAC OFF-Hour Thermostatic Controls: Zone Isolation

- Separate zones not intended to be occupied simultaneously can be grouped into a single isolation zone.
- Maximum isolation zone size is 25,000 ft<sup>2</sup>
- Isolations Zones can span only 1 floor
- Each isolation zone must have an isolating device per 6.4.3.3.1 to automatically shut OFF conditioned air, outdoors air, and exhaust air to/from the zone.
- For central systems, controls must provide stable operation while serving the only smallest isolation zone for any length of time

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

### **Exceptions to Zone Isolation**

Controls and isolation devices are not required for:

- Exhaust and outdoor air of isolation zones when the connected fan systems ≤ 5,000 cfm
- Exhaust air from a single isolation zone that is < 10% of the connected system design exhaust airflow
- Zones intended to operate continuously
- Zones intended to be inoperative only when all other zones are also inoperative

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

### Criteria for HVAC OFF-Hour Thermostatic Controls: Hotel Rooms

Hotels with > 50 guestrooms are required to have automatic controls for the HVAC equipment in

each guest room.



## Unrented Unoccupied

#### **Cooling Setpoint:**

≥ 80 °F

#### **Heating Setpoint:**

≤ 60 °F

#### **Setpoint Start:**

Within 16 hours of continuous vacancy, or 20 minutes for networked control

## Rented Unoccupied

#### **Cooling Setpoint:**

Renter setpoint + 4°F

or more

#### **Heating Setpoint:**

Renter setpoint - 4°F

or more

#### **Setpoint Start:**

Within 20 minutes of vacancy

## Rented Occupied

#### **Cooling Setpoint:**

Renter's setpoint

#### **Heating Setpoint:**

Renter's setpoint

#### **Setpoint Start:**

Upon sensing occupancy

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

### **Exceptions to Thermostatic Controls for Hotel Rooms**

- Networked guestroom controls are allowed to turn room thermostat to the building management's default occupied setpoint 60 minutes prior to scheduled occupancy
- Cooling for humidity control is permitted during unrented/unoccupied and rented/unoccupied periods.



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Criteria for Ventilation System Controls: Hotel Rooms



When the hotel room is rented but unoccupied, .

### Rented Unoccupied

**OPTION 1** 

**Ventilation Fan Status:** 

OFF

**Exhaust Fan Status:** 

OFF

**Setpoint Start:** 

Within 20 minutes of vacancy

**OPTION 2** 

**Room Outdoor Air Supply:** 

OFF

**Room Exhaust Fan Status:** 

OFF

**Setpoint Start:** 

Within 20 minutes of vacancy

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

# Criteria for Ventilation System Controls: Elevator Shaft and Stair Vent Dampers

Stair and elevator shaft vents are closed during normal building operation and configured to automatically open as needed by fire and smoke detection systems

Table 6.4..3.4.3 Maximum Damper Leakage, cfm/ft<sup>2</sup> at 1 in.wc

	Building Height	Outdoor Air Intake		Exhaust/Relief	
		Motorized	Non- motorized	Motorized	Non-motorized
ASHRAE 90.1-013	< 3 Stories	NA	4	20	4
	≥ 3 Stories	NA	4	NA	4
ASHRAE 90.1-2019	< 3 Stories	20	4	20	4
	≥ 3 Stories	20*	4	20	4

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

### **Criteria for Ventilation System Controls: ShutOFF Damper Controls**

- Outdoor air intakes and exhaust systems have motorized dampers that automatically shut when the served spaces are not in use.
- Outdoor air and exhaust dampers automatically shut during: warm up, cool down, and setback

#### **Exceptions:**

- Automatic shutoff is not required when the supply of outdoor air would reduce energy costs
- Automatic shutoff is not required when outdoor air is required to meet code requirements
- Dampers are not required in exhaust system serving unconditioned spaces
- Dampers are not required in systems intended to operate 24/7
- Dampers are not required in ventilation or exhaust systems serving Type I kitchen exhaust hoods
- Non-motorized dampers are acceptable when the design outdoor airflow or exhaust air flow is ≤ 300 cfm

### Criteria for Ventilation System Controls: Ventilation Fan Control

• Automatic shutdown control is required for fan motors > 0.75 hp when not required to be in use.

#### **Exceptions:**

In HVAC systems intended to operate 24/7

### Criteria for Ventilation System Controls: Parking Garage Ventilation

 System shall automatically detect contaminant levels and reduce airflow to a minimum airflow rate of ≤ 50% of design capacity when acceptable contaminant levels maintained

#### **Exceptions:**

- Garages < 30,000 ft<sup>2</sup> with no mechanical cooling or heating
- Garages with an area to ventilation power ratio of ≤ 1500 ft²/hp and no mechanical cooling or heating
- When not permitted by the AHJ



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

### Criteria for Heat Pump Auxiliary heat Control

Controls must prevent supplemental heater from operating when load can be satisfied by the heat pump alone during:

- Steady state operation
- Set Back recovery

#### **Exceptions:**

 Heat pumps with efficiencies regulated by NAECA and meeting minimum efficiency requirements of Table 6.8.1-2



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

### Criteria for Humidification and Dehumidification

- No simultaneous humidification and dehumidification
- No use of fossil fuel or electricity to humidify above 30% RH or to dehumidify below 60% RH

#### **Exceptions:**

- Zones served by desiccant systems
- Where specific humidity levels are required, like museums and hospitals, and approved by the AHJ
- Where required by accreditation standards and controls have a 10% RH dead-band
- Zones required to maintain a precision of ±5% RH for compliance with codes or accreditation standards

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

### **Criteria for Freeze Protection & Snow Melt Systems**



Freeze protection systems must have automatic controls configured to shut OFF systems when outdoor temperature is > 40°F.

Snow & ice melt systems must have automatic or manual controls configured to shut OFF system when outdoor temperature is > 40°F; and must have automatic controls configured to shut OFF system when:

- pavement temperature is > 50 °F.
- No precipitation is falling

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

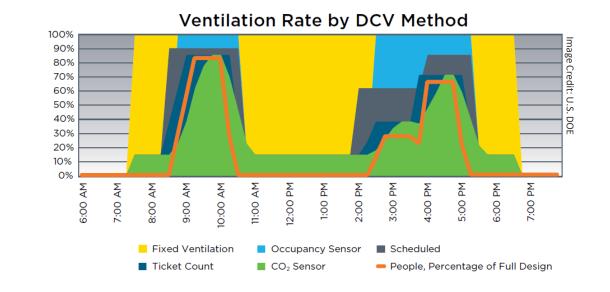
### **Criteria for Ventilation Control in High-Occupancy Areas**

#### Required for:

- Spaces > 500 ft<sup>2</sup>
- Occupancy ≥ 25 people/1000 ft<sup>2</sup>
- And served by one of:
  - Air-side economizer
  - Automatic modulating OA damper
  - Design OA flowrate > 3000 cfm

#### **Exceptions:**

- Systems with exhaust air energy recovery
- Multiple zone systems with no zone DDC communicating with a central panel
- Systems with a design OA flowrate < 750 cfm
- Spaces that are: correction cells, daycare sickrooms, science labs, barber, beauty and nail salon, or bowling alley seating



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

### **Criteria for Vestibule Heating and Cooling**

#### Heating

- Automatic controls to shut off heating when OAT > 45°F
- Controlled by a thermostat in vestibule
- Maximum space heating setpoint of 60°F

#### Cooling

Minimum space cooling setpoint of 85°F

#### **Exceptions:**

- Vestibules tempered with site-recovered energy
- Vestibules tempered with transfer air that would otherwise be exhausted



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

### **Criteria for Direct Digital Controls**

New Equipment	DDC Required for New Construction when:	DDC Required for Alterations or Additions when:
AHU System	<ul> <li>All new zones served by the new system</li> <li>System serving &gt; 3 zones</li> <li>Fan system bhp ≥ 10 hp</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All new zones served by the new system</li> <li>System serving &gt; 3 zones</li> <li>Fan system bhp ≥ 10 hp</li> <li>75% of all zones are new         <ul> <li>OR</li> </ul> </li> <li>Existing AHU or FCU has DDC</li> </ul>
Chilled Water Plant	<ul> <li>All coils &amp; terminal units served</li> <li>Plant design capacity &gt; 25 tons</li> <li>Plant serving &gt; 3 zones</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All chillers are new</li> <li>Plant design capacity <u>&gt;</u> 25 tons</li> </ul>
Hot Water Plant	<ul> <li>All coils and terminal units served</li> <li>Plant design capacity <u>&gt;</u> 300 MBH</li> <li>Plant serving &gt; 3 zones</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All boilers are new</li> <li>Plant design capacity <u>&gt;</u> 300 MBH</li> </ul>
Zone Terminal Units		<ul> <li>Existing zones served by the same system (AHU or plant) have DDC</li> </ul>

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

### **Criteria for Direct Digital Controls**

#### Required Capabilities are:

- Monitor zone and system demand for
  - Fan Pressure
  - Pump Pressure
  - Heating
  - Cooling
- Transfer data between zones, air distribution system controllers an HVAC plant controllers
- Automatically detect zones & systems excessively driving reset logic and notify system operator
- Readily allow operator to remove zones from the algorithm
- Trend and graphically display input and output data



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.





Applies to new electric chilled water plants in:

- New buildings
- Existing buildings

#### Applies to:

- Water cooled chiller plants > 1500 tons
- Air-cooled chiller plants > 860 tons

#### Required measurements:

- Electricity use
- Chilled water plant efficiency in kW/ton

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 8.4.3 Building Vitals, LLC 142

### Criteria for Economizer Fault Detection

- Permanently sensored for and able to display the values of OAT, SAT, and RAT, where required for control
- System status as indicated by:
  - Free cooling available
  - Economizer enabled
  - Compressor enabled
  - Mixed air low limit cycle active
- Capability to manually initiate each operating mode for testing and verification
- Configured to detect:
  - Air temperature sensor fault/failure
  - Damper not modulating
  - Excess outdoor air
  - Unit not operating or operating when should/should not
  - Configured to report faults to a system accessible by operating or service personnel or to annunciate to local zone thermostat

Air flow Information flow Mixed air Logic controller Outdoor temperature Heating coil Cooling coil Outside Outside-air Supply air damper Linkage Motorized Return-ai actuator Return air Motorized actuator

Image Credit: U.S. EPA/ Energy STAR

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 6.4.3.12 Building Vitals, LLC 143

### **Updated Criteria for Duct Insulation R-Values**

Increased minimum R-values

#### Simplifications include:

- Combined tables
- Combined Duct Locations
- Combined Climate Zones

**Exceptions:** No updates

**Table 6.8.2 Minimum Duct Insulation R-Values** 

	<b>Duct Location</b>					
MI Climate Zone	Exterior Unconditioned Space & Buried		Indirectly Conditioned Space			
Supply and Return Ducts for Heating and Cooling						
5 – 7	R-12	R-6	R-1.9			
Supply and Return Ducts for Heating Only						
5 – 7	R-12	R-6	R-1.9			
Supply and Return Ducts for Cooling Only						
5 - 6	R-8	R-6	R-1.9			
7	R-1.9	R-1.9	R-1.9			

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION Table 6.8.2 Building Vitals, LLC 144

### No Criteria Changes for These Other Components to Be Insulated

**Piping** 



Thermally Ineffective Sensible Heating Panels



Image Credit: Warren Gretz, NREL

**Radiant Floor Heating** 



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.4.3.6 Building Vitals, LLC 145

### No Criteria Changes for Duct Sealing

All ductwork with pressure class ratings constructed to <u>Seal Class A</u> including:

- Branch Connections
- Access Doors
- Access Panels
- Equipment Connections



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.4.4.2.1 Building Vitals, LLC 146

### **No Criteria Changes for Duct Leakage Testing**

Test ≥ 25% ductwork with design operating pressure > 3 in. wc.

$$L_{MAX} = C_L P^{0.65}$$

- C<sub>L</sub> = duct leakage class, cfm/100 ft<sup>2</sup> of duct surface area per inch of water
  - $= 4 \text{ cfm}/100 \text{ ft}^2$
- P = test pressure, which is equal to the design duct pressure class rating

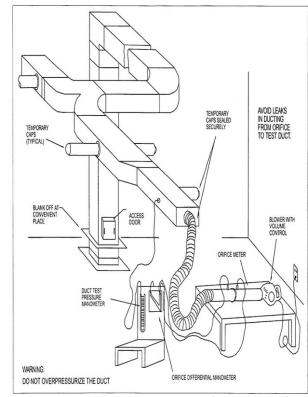


Image Source: SMACNA HVAC Air Duct Leakage Test Manual

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.4.4.2.1 Building Vitals, LLC 147

### Criteria for Site Assembled Walk-in Coolers and Freezers

- Automatic door closers
- Strip curtains, spring-hinged doors, or other way to minimize infiltration when doors are open
- Wall, ceiling, floor and door insulation
- Electronically commutated, PSC, or three-phase motors for fractional horsepower condenser fan motors
- Electronically commutated or three-phase motors for fractional horsepower evaporator fan motors
- Light sources with efficacy ≥ 40 lm/W (including any ballast losses)
- Multi-paned glazing for transparent reach-in doors and in-door windows
- Modulating antisweat heater control with power draw limits
- Primary temperature-based defrost termination control with a secondary time limit



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 6.4.5 Building Vitals, LLC 148

Criteria for Site Assembled Walk-in Cooler and Freezer Doors and Systems

### **Table 6.8.1-18 Walk-in Cooler & Freezer Display Door Efficiency Requirements**

Class Descriptor	Class	Max kWh/day		
Display Door, Med. Temp	DD, M	$0.04 \times A_{dd} + 0.41$		

### Table 6.8.1-19Walk-in Cooler & Freezer Non-Display Door Efficiency Requirements

Class Descriptor	Class	Max kWh/day		
Passage Door, Med. Temp	DD, M	$0.05 \times A_{nd} + 1.7$		



Pa	Table 6.8.1-20 Walk-in Cooler & Freezer System Efficiency Requirements				
Fre	Class Descriptor	Class	Min AWEF, Btu.Wh		
Fre	Dedicated Condensing, Med Temp, Indoor System	DC.M.I	5.61		
	Dedicated Condensing, Med Temp, Outdoor System	DC.M.O	7.60		
	Unit Cooler, Low Torry,	UC I < 15.5 BH	1.575 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> x q <sub>net</sub> +3.91		
	Unit Cooler, Low Temp, net capacity ≥ 15.5 MBH	UC.L ≥ 15.5 BH	11-2-		

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 6.4.5 Building Vitals, LLC 149

### No Criteria Changes for Refrigerated Display Cases

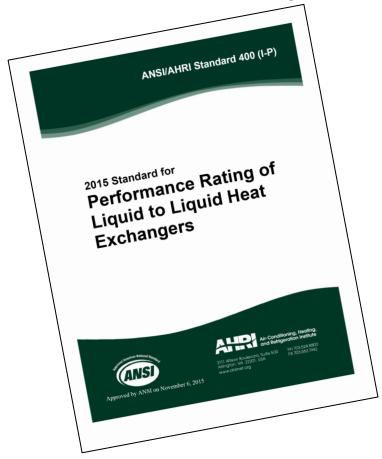
- Meet equipment efficiency requirements
- Lighting to be controlled by one of:
  - automatic time-switch to turn off lights during non-business hours with timed overrides to turn lights on for ≤ 1 hr
  - Motion sensors that reduce lighting power by ≥ 50% within
     3 minutes after sensor area is vacated
- Low-temperature cases to have primary temperature-based defrost termination control with secondary time-limit termination.
- Antisweat heater controls to reduce energy use of antisweat heater as function of RH in air outside the door or to condensation on inner class pane



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.4.6 Building Vitals, LLC 150

New Criteria for Liquid-to-Liquid Heat Changers





Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.4.4.2.1 Building Vitals, LLC 151



## Coffee Break

## Changes to Section 6.5 HVAC Prescriptive Provisions

Michigan Energy Code Update: ASHRAE 90.1-2019

### **Updated Criteria for Economizers**

### **ASHRAE 90.1-2013**

Table 6.5.1-1 Minimum Fan Cooling Unit Size for which an Economizer is Required in Comfort Cooling

Climate Zone	Cooling Capacity Threshold		
5a, 6a, 7	≥ 54 MBH		

Table 6.5.1-2 Minimum Fan Cooling Unit Size for which an Economizer is Required in Computer Rooms

Climate Zone	Cooling Capacity Threshold
5a, 6a, 7	≥ 135 MBH

### **ASHRAE 90.1-2019**

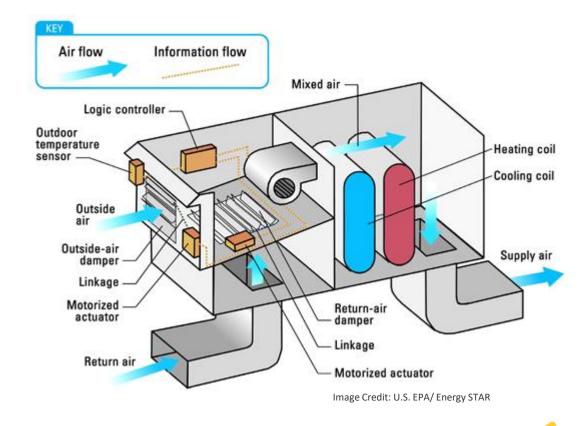
Table 6.5.1-1 Minimum Fan Cooling Unit Size for which an Economizer is Required in Comfort Cooling

Climate Zone	Cooling Capacity Threshold		
5a, 6a, 7	≥ 54 MBH		

### Additional Exception to Economizer Requirement

**Not required** with chilled water-cooling systems with:

- Total capacity of < 1,400 MBH; and either
- No fan; or
- Using induced airflow



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.4.3.12 Building Vitals, LLC 155



### **Updated Criteria to Economizer Dampers**

Economizer exhaust, relief, and outdoor air dampers meet the requirements of Table 6.4.3.4.3. But return dampers are restricted to meeting criteria for motorized exhaust/relief dampers.

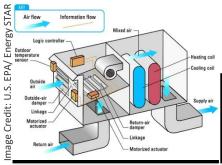


Table 6.4..3.4.3 Maximum Damper Leakage, cfm/ft<sup>2</sup> at 1 in.wc.

Cooling coll					
Outside air Outside air damper Motorized actuator  Return air  Return air  Motorized actuator	Building Height	Outdoor Air Intake		Exhaust/Relief	
		Motorized	Non- motorized	Motorized	Non-motorized
ASHRAE 90.1-013	< 3 Stories	NA	4	20	4
ASHKAE 90.1-015	≥ 3 Stories	NA	4	NA	4
ASHRAE 90.1-2019	< 3 Stories	20	4	20	4
A301KAE 90.1-2019	≥ 3 Stories	20*	4	20	4

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Building Vitals, LLC SECTION 6.4.3.12

Updated Exceptions to Simultaneous Heating & Cooling Prohibitions

Under ASHRAE 90.1-2013, Simultaneous Heating and Cooling was allowed when:

- Volume of air being reheated, re-cooled or mixed was less than a defined threshold value
- Lab exhaust systems met the criteria of Section 6.5.7.3
- ≥ 75% of energy for simultaneous operation was from site-recovered energy or site-solar energy
- Zones with DDC met listed criteria

Updated

### Updated Exceptions to Simultaneous Heating & Cooling Prohibitions

## **ASHRAE 90.1-2013 Zone DDC Criteria**

Deadband airflow rate is less than the larger of:

- 20% of zone design peak supply rate
- Outdoor airflow rate required to meet ASHRAE
   62.1
- Any higher rate demonstrated to reduce annual energy use by offsetting the reheat/recool losses through a reduction in outside air
- Airflow rate required to comply with applicable codes or accreditation standards

## **ASHRAE 90.1-2019 Zone DDC Criteria**

Deadband airflow rate is less than the larger of:

- Minimum primary airflow rate required to meet the ASHRAE 62.1 Simplified Procedure ventilation requirements for the zone (may be the ASHRAE 62.1 average flow rate)
- Any higher rate demonstrated to reduce annual energy use by offsetting the reheat/recool losses through a reduction in outside air
- Airflow rate required to comply with applicable codes or accreditation standards

**Criteria for Ventilation Air Heating Control** 

Units providing ventilation air to multiple zones and operating in conjunction with heating and cooling systems shall not us heating or heat recovery to warm supply air above 60°F when the majority of zones need cooling.



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.5.2.6 Building Vitals, LLC 159

Additional Criterion for Fan Power Limitation Pressure Drop Adjustment

Table 6.5.3.1.2 Power Limitation Pressure Drop Adjustment				
Device	Adjustment			
Return or exhaust systems required by code or accreditation to be fully ducted; or systems required to maintain an air pressure differential between adjacent rooms	0.5 in.wc. except for laboratory and vivarium's 2.5 in.wc for laboratory and vivarium's			

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 6.5.3.1 Building Vitals, LLC 160

### Criteria for Fan Motor Selection

Selected fan motors shall be larger than the first available motor with a nameplate rating greater than M x bhp, where M is:

bhp	Multiplier
< 6	1.5
≥ 6	1.3

Bhp must be listed on design documents

### Exceptions:

- Motors with electronic speed control
- Systems complying with Table 6.5.3.1-1, Fan Power Limitations
- Fractional horsepower motors
- Fan with a fan nameplate input power < 0.89 kW</li>



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.5.3.1.2 Building Vitals, LLC 161

Criteria for Fan Efficiency

 $FEI = \frac{Baseline\ Fan\ Electrical\ Input\ Power}{Actual\ Electrical\ Input\ Power}$ 

bhp	Minimum FEI
Fan and Fan Arrays	1.00
VAV System Fans and Fan Arrays	0.95

### **Exceptions:**

- Non-embedded fan with a motor nameplate hp < 1.0 hp or with a fan nameplate electrical input power < 0.89 kW</li>
- Embedded fans or arrays with combined motor nameplate hp ≤ 5 hp with fan system electrical input power ≤ 4.1 kW
- Embedded fans in equipment listed in Tables 6.8.1-1 through 6.8.1-20
- Embedded fans in equipment in equipment 3<sup>rd</sup> party certified and sealed for air or energy performance
- Ceiling fans
- Fans for moving gases above 482°F
- Fans for operation in explosive environments
- Reversible fans used for tunnel ventilation
- Powered Roof Ventilators

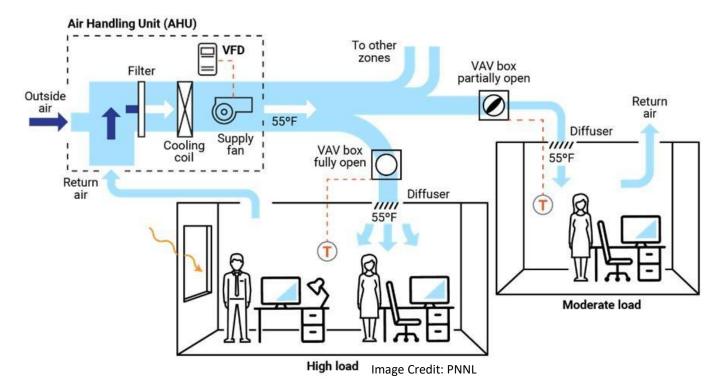
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- Fans Outside scope of AMCA 208
- Fans Intended to only operate during emergency conditions

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.5.3.1.2 Building Vitals, LLC 162

## Updated Criteria VAV Setpoint Reset



Updated criterion to now apply to multizone VAV systems with a total fan system horsepower of > 5 hp

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.5.3.2.3 Building Vitals, LLC 163

Criteria for Return and Relief Fan Control

Relief airflow rate controlled to maintain building pressure through differential supply/return airflow tracking; or for systems with constant speed or multispeed fans, control can be based on outdoor air damper position.

Fans must have variable speed or other control such that the total return/relief fan system demand is less than 30% at 50% of total airflow.

### **Exceptions:**

- Fans with motors ≤ 0.5 hp
- Relief fans with a minimum of 4 stages

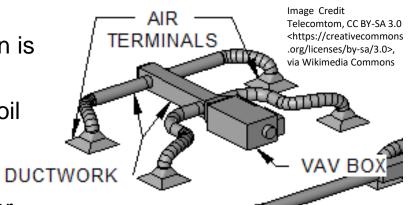
Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.5.3.1.2 Building Vitals, LLC 164

Criteria for Parallel Flow Fan-Powered VAV Terminal Control

### Automatic controls configured to:

- Turn OFF terminal fan except when space heating or ventilation is required
- Turn ON terminal fan as first heating stage BEFORE heating coil is activated
- Turn ON fan during heating for warm-up or set back either:
  - 1. Operate terminal fan and heating coil without primary air, or
  - 2. Reverse the terminal damper logic and provide heating from the central AHU



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.5.3.1.2 Building Vitals, LLC 165

Criteria for Ventilation Design

The required minimum outdoor air rate is the larger of the minimum outdoor air rate or the minimum exhaust air rate required by:

- ASHRAE 62.1
- ASHRAE 170
- applicable codes or accreditation standards

Outdoor ventilation system must meet one of the following:

- Design minimum system outdoor air is ≤135% of the required minimum outdoor air rate
- Dampers, ductwork, and controls allow the system to supply no more than the required minimum outdoor air rate with a single set-point adjustment
- The system includes exhaust air energy recovery complying with Section 6.5.6.1

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 6.5.3.7 Building Vitals, LLC 16

Criteria for Occupied Standby Controls

**occupied standby mode**, v. when a zone is scheduled to be occupied but the occupant sensor indicates no occupants are within the zone

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 6.5.3.8 Building Vitals, LLC 167

## Criteria for Occupied Standby Controls

#### Zones that:

- serving only rooms required to have automatic partial OFF or automatic full OFF lighting controls;
- where ASHRAE 62.1 allows ventilation air to be reduced to 0 when space is in occupied-standby mode;
   and
- when using Ventilation Rate Procedure;

are required to meet the following within 5 minutes of all rooms in that zone entering occupied-standby mode

- Active heating setpoint is setback ≥1°F; and
- Active cooling setpoint is setup ≥1°F; and
- All supply air to the zone is shut OFF whenever space temperature is between active heating and cooling setpoints

### **Exception**:

Multiple zone systems without automatic zone flow control dampers

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 6.5.3.8 Building Vitals, LLC 16

**Updated Criteria for Hydronic Variable Flow Systems** 

- Now includes hot water systems
- Designed for reduced flow rate of ≤ 50% of the design flowrate or the minimum flow required by the equipment manufacturer
- Individual pumps on variable flow systems having motors > 5 hp must have controls to reduce motor demand to ≤ 30% at 50% design water flow.

**Table 6.5.4.2 Pump Flow Control Requirements** 

Climate Zone for Chilled Water Pumps	Climate Zone for Hot Water Pumps	Threshold Motor Horsepower
	7	≥ 5 hp
5a, 6a		≥ 7.5 hp
7		≥ 15 hp

### **Exceptions:**

- Differential setpoint not required when valve position complies with Section 6.5.4.4
- Variable flow control not required on heating pumps when electric boiler provides > 50% of heating
- Variable flow not required on primary pumps, preheat coils, or heat recovery runaround loops

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 6.5.4 Building Vitals, LLC 169

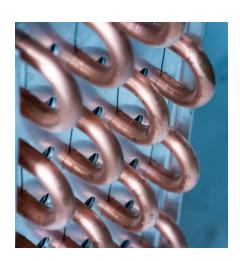
### Criteria for Chilled Water Coil Selection

### Coil selected to provide

- ≥ 15°F temperature difference between EWT and LWT
- ≥ 57°F LWT at design conditions

### **Exceptions**

- Coils with an air-side pressure drop > 0.70 in.wc when rated at 500 fpm and dry conditions
- Individual fan-cooling units with a design supply airflow rate ≤ 5000 cfm
- Constant-air-volume systems
- Coils selected at the maximum ΔT allowed by the chiller
- Passive coils (no mechanically supplied airflow)
- Coils with design EWT of ≥ 50°F
- Coils with design EAT of ≤ 65°F



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.5.4.7 Building Vitals, LLC 170

Criteria for Buildings with High-Capacity Space Heating Gas Boilers

New buildings with gas hot-water boiler systems for space heating with a total system input of at least 1,000 MBH but not more than 10,000 MBH to comply with 6.5.4.8.1 and 6.5.4.8.2

### **Exceptions**

- Where 25% of annual space heating requirement is provided by on-site renewable energy, site-recovered energy, or heat recovery chillers
- Space heating boilers installed in individual dwelling units
- Where 50% or more of design heating load is served using perimeter convective heating, radiant ceiling panels, or both
- Individual gas boilers with input capacity less than 300 MBH shall not be included in calculations of the total system input or total system efficiency

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.5.4.7 Building Vitals, LLC 17

Criteria for Buildings with High-Capacity Space Heating Gas Boilers

6.5.4.8.1 Boiler Efficiency

# Minimum boiler efficiency of 90%

6.6.4.8.2

### **Hot Water Distribution System Design**

- Select coils and other heat exchanges for a hot water return temperature entering boilers of 120°F or less
- Under all operating conditions,
  - water temperature enter the boiler is ≤ 120°F; or
  - the flow rate of supply hot water that recirculates directly into return systems is ≤ 20% of design flow of the operating boilers

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.5.4.7 Building Vitals, LLC 172

### Criteria for Fan Speed Control on Heat Rejection Equipment

### **ASHRAE 90.1-2013**

Motors  $\geq$  7.5 hp must be able to:

- operate at ≤ 2/3 full speed
- Automatically change fan speed to control leaving fluid temperature or head pressure

### **ASHRAE 90.1-2019**

Motors or motor arrays ≥ 5 hp must have controls configured such that:

- the power demand is ≤ 30% of design power at 50% of rated airflow
- Automatically change fan speed to control leaving fluid temperature or head pressure

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

Section 6.5..5.2 Building Vitals, LLC 173

### Criteria for Fan Speed Control on Heat Rejection Equipment

CURRENT MEC (ASHRAE 90.1-2013) EXHAUST AIR ENERGY RECOVERY REQUIREMENT						
Annual Run- Hours	% Outdoor Air at Design Flowrate	10% ≤ X ≤ 20%	20% ≤ X ≤ 30%	30% ≤ X ≤ 40%	40% ≤ X ≤ 50%	70% ≤ X ≤ 80%
	Climate Zone	Design Supply Fan Airflow Rate, cfm				
< 8000	5A, 6A	≥ 26,000	≥ 16,000	≥ 5,500	≥ 4,500	≥1,000
	7	≥ 4,500	≥ 4,000	≥ 2,500	≥ 1,000	> 0
Climate Zone Design Supply Fan Airflow Rate, cfm						
≥ 8000	5A, 6A, 7	> 0	> 0	> 0	> 0	> 0

ASHRAE 90.1-2019) EXHAUST AIR ENERGY RECOVERY REQUIREMENT							
Annual Run- Hours	% Outdoor Air at Design Flowrate	10% ≤ X ≤ 20%	20% ≤ X ≤ 30%	30% ≤ X ≤ 40%	40% ≤ X ≤ 50%		70% ≤ X ≤ 80%
< 8000	Climate Zone	Design Supply Fan Airflow Rate, cfm					
	5A, 6A	≥ 26,000	≥ 16,000	≥ 5,500	≥ 4,500		≥1,000
	7	≥ 4,500	≥ 4,000	≥ 2,500	≥ 1,000		≥ 100
≥ 8000	Climate Zone	Design Supply Fan Airflow Rate, cfm					
	5A, 6A, 7	> 200	> 130	> 100	> 80		> 50

Data excerpted and adapted from 2015 IECC, 2021 IECC, ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and/or ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See the source documents for complete details.

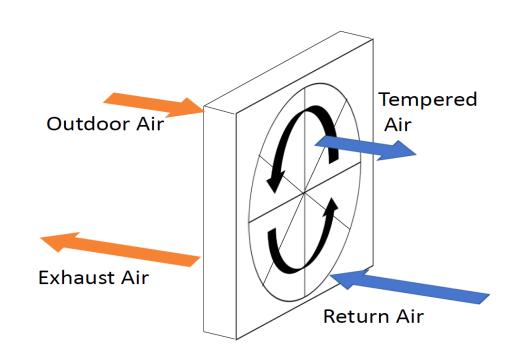
Section 6.5.5.2 Building Vitals, LLC 174

### Criteria for Energy Recovery System

 Heating energy recovery and cooling energy recovery replaced with enthalpy recovery ratio

### **New and Revised Exceptions**

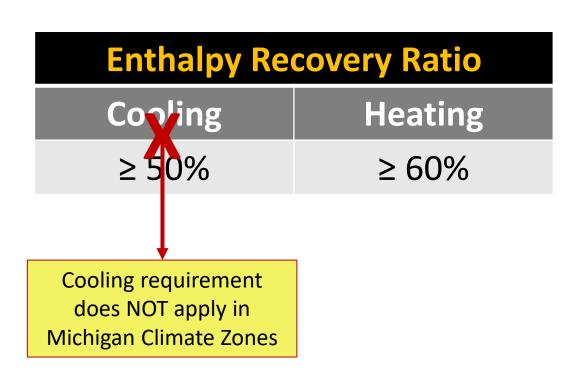
- Not required for indoor pool dehumidifiers
- Not required where the sum of airflow rates exhausted and relieved within 20 ft of each other is > 75% of the design airflow rate, excluding exhaust air that is:
  - Used for another energy recovery system
  - Not allowed by ASHRAE 170
  - Class 4 air, defined by ASHRAE 62.1

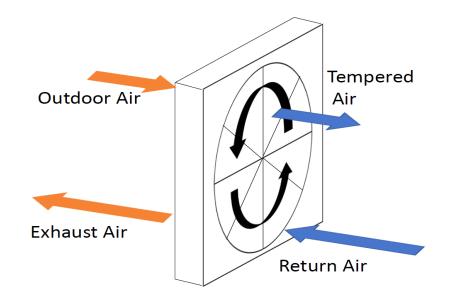


Data excerpted and adapted from 2015 IECC, 2021 IECC, ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and/or ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See the source documents for complete details.

Section 6.5.6 Building Vitals, LLC 175

**Criteria for Energy Recovery for Non-Transient Dwelling Units** 





Data excerpted and adapted from 2015 IECC, 2021 IECC, ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and/or ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See the source documents for complete details.

Section 6.5.6 Building Vitals, LLC 176

### Criteria for Space Conditioning Heat Recovery

### For buildings that

- Are an acute inpatient hospital, where building or portion of building is used on a 24-hour basis for inpatient medical, obstetric, or surgical care for patients
- Have a total design chilled-water capacity for acute inpatient hospital, either air cooled or water cooled, required at cooling design conditions > 300 tons of cooling
- Where heating water is used for space heating
- Simultaneous heating and cooling occurs above 60°F outdoor air temperature

a condenser heat recovery system to be installed with a total heat recovery system to have cooling capacity at least 7% of total design chilled-water capacity of acute inpatient hospital at peak design conditions

### **Exceptions**

- Buildings that provide ≥ 60% of reheat energy from on-site renewable energy or site-recovered energy
- Buildings in Climate Zone 7

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.5.6.3 Building Vitals, LLC 177

### Criteria for Indoor Pool Dehumidifier Energy Recovery

Indoor pool dehumidifier serving natatoriums with heated indoor pool > 500 ft<sup>2</sup> to include one of the following:

- Exhaust air sensible energy recovery system with sensible energy recovery ratio of at least 50%
- Condenser heat recovery system configured to use 100% of heat generated through dehumidification to heat the pool water when there is a pool water heating load
- Exhaust air energy recovery system that results in an enthalpy recovery ratio of at least 50%



### **Exception**

 Natatoriums heated by on-site renewable or site-recovered energy and configured to provide at least 60% of annual heating energy required

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.5.6.4 Building Vitals, LLC 178

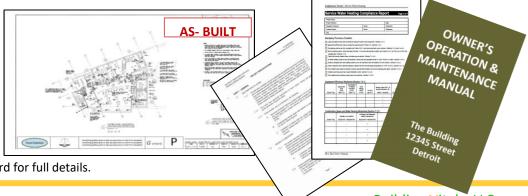
## Construction Documents require the following to be supplied to owner within 90 days of acceptance:

### **Record Drawings including:**

- Location and performance data for each piece of equipment
- General configuration of duct and pipe systems, including sizes
- Terminal airflow or water design flowrates
- Wiring Diagrams
- Schematics
- Controls with sequence of operation and setpoints recorded

### **Building O&M Manual including:**

- Submittal Data
- Equipment O&M Manuals
- Name and address of service provider
- HVAC Control System Maintenance & Calibration Information with setpoints
- Narrative Sequence of Operation with setpoints



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

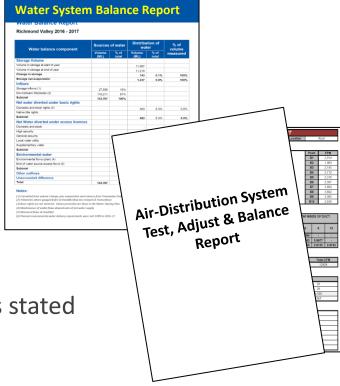
### **Commissioning Requirements**

### For **ALL** HVAC Systems:

- Air System Balancing is required
- Hydronic System Balancing is required

### For HVAC Systems serving ≥ 5,000 ft<sup>2</sup> of conditioned area:

- Air System Balancing Report; and
- Hydronic System Balancing Report must be provided to the Owner within 90 days of acceptance as stated in the Construction Documents



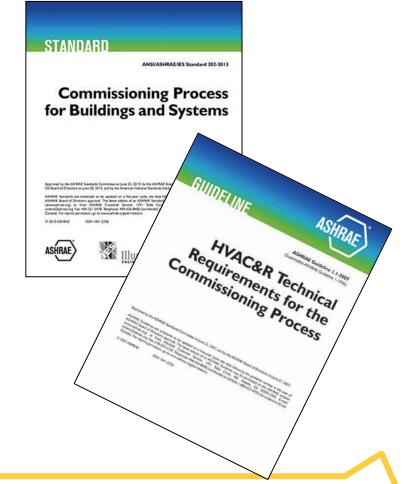
Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.7 Building Vitals, LLC 180

### **Commissioning Requirements**

### FOR **ALL** HVAC Systems:

- HVAC control system commissioning is required
- Commissioning Report for controls systems indicating control elements are:
  - Properly calibrated
  - Properly located
  - Properly adjusted
  - Properly programmed
  - Working in accordance with construction documents and manufacturers' instructions



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.7 Building Vitals, LLC 181

### Commissioning Requirements

### **ASHRAE 90.1-2013**

For projects > 50,000 ft<sup>2</sup>, detailed commissioning instructions must be included in the plans and specifications, except for:

- Warehouses
- Semi-heated spaces

### **ASHRAE 90.1-2019**

HVAC mechanical system performance commissioning is required **Except** for:

- Buildings, additions, or alterations with < 10,000 ft<sup>2</sup> of conditioned space and a combined HVAC and SWH installed capacity of 960 MBH
- Building or portions of buildings using the Simplified Approach for HVAC system compliance
- Dwelling Units
- Non-refrigerated Warehouses

Commissioning Process for Buildings and Systems

Assume the street service in the last of the street service in the street service i

Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

SECTION 6.7 Building Vitals, LLC 182

### **Ideal Commissioning Documentation Includes:**

- A. Executive Summary
- B. Design & Construction
  - 1. Owner's Project Requirements
  - 2. Basis of Design
  - 3. Record Documents
- C. Building, Systems, & Assemblies
  - 1. Specifications
  - 2. Approved Submittals
  - 3. Manufacturer's O&M Data
  - 4. Warranties
  - Contractor/Supplier Directory
- D. Operations
  - A. Operating Plan
  - B. Maintenance Procedures, Checklists, and Sample Record-keeping Forms
  - C. Maintenance Schedules
  - D. (If used) On-going Commissioning Procedures
  - E. Janitorial and Cleaning Procedures
  - F. Utility Measurement & reporting

- D. Staff Training
  - 1. How to Use the Systems Manual for Training
  - 2. Approved Training Agendas
  - 3. Training Materials (in Specification Order)
  - 4. Where to Find Additional Training Materials
  - 5. Training Records (schedules and sign-in sheets)
- F. Final Commissioning Report and Commissioning Record
  - 1. Cx Plan
  - 2. Cx Design and Submittal Review Reports
  - 3. Cx Test Reports
  - 4. Factory Test Reports
  - 5. Completed Validation Checklists
  - 6. Cx Progress Reports
  - 7. Issues and Resolutions Log
  - 8. Resolution Plan for Remaining Open Items
- G. System Manual Maintenance and Control

Data Source: ASHRAE 202-2013. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

## HVAC in Section 10 – OTHER EQUIPMENT

Michigan Energy Code Update: ASHRAE 90.1-2019

### **Criteria for Elevator HVAC**

- Ventilation fan power for cabs without cooling, to be ≤ 0.33 W/cfm
- When stopped and unoccupied with doors closed for ≥15 minutes, cab ventilation to de-energize
- Design Documentation
  - ISO 25745-2 Use Category
  - ISO 25745-2 Energy Efficiency Class



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-20013 and 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See Standard for full details.

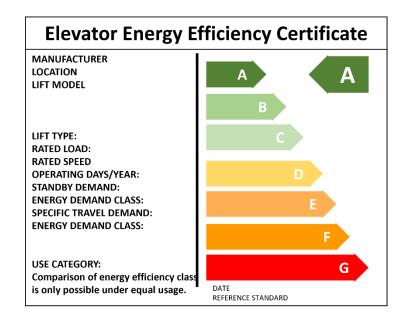
Section 10.4.3 Building Vitals, LLC 185

### **Design Documentation Criteria for Elevators**

### **Use Category**

Use Category	Use Intensity	Trips per Day		
1	Very Low	<75		
2	Low	75 ≤ X < 200		
3	Medium	200 ≤ X < 500		
4	High	500 ≤ X < 1000		
5	Very High	1000 ≤ X < 2000		
6	Extremely High	≥ 200		

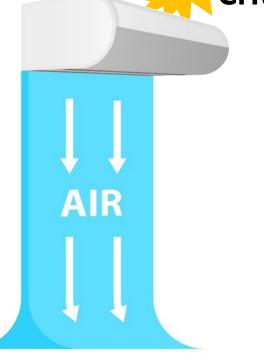
### **Energy Efficiency Class**



Data Source: ASHRAE 90.1-2019 and ISO 25745-2. Exceptions may apply. See Standards for complete details.

Section 10.4.3.4 Building Vitals, LLC 186







Air Curtains can be used in lieu of vestibules or revolving doors for buildings with:

- Self-closing doors
- ≤15 stories

- Design Jet Velocity of 6.6 ft/s
- Angle to door < 20 deg</li>

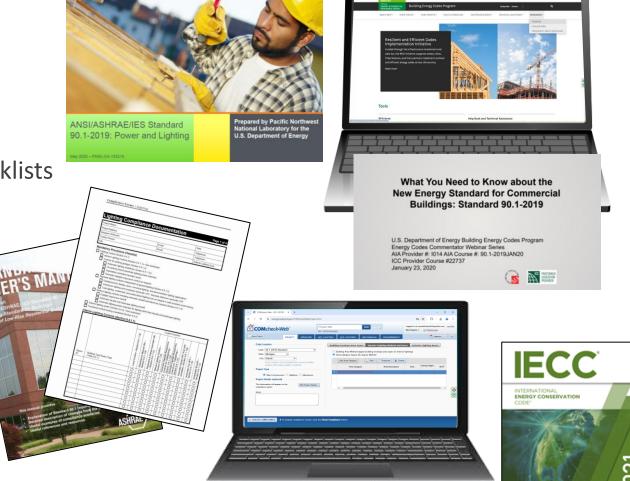
- Automatic controls
- Commissioned

Data excerpted and adapted from 2015 IECC, 2021 IECC, ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and/or ASHRAE 90.1-2019. Exceptions may apply. See the source documents for complete details.

Section 10.4.5 Building Vitals, LLC 187

### Resources

- www.ashrae.org
- ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2019
- ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2019 User's Manual
- ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2019 Compliance Checklists
- ASHRAE Read-Only Standards & Guidelines
- ASHRAE 90.1 Lighting Compliance Tool
- www.energycodes.gov
- Recorded webinars
- Presentations
- Publications
- Building Energy Codes Resource Hub
- https://energycode.pnl.gov/COMcheckWeb
- www.icc.org
- ICC Learning Center



## Questions



## Thank You

For additional information, contact:

